The Middletown Transcript.

VOL. IX. MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1876. NO. 17.

Lumber and Hardware.

LINDLEY & KEMP,

—DEALERS IN—

Agricultural Implements,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

IN FOARD & COMEGYS' WAREHOUSE,

Middletown, Del.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Heckendorn, Wiley, Moore, Concave and Farmer's Friend PLOWS; Plow Castings, Grindstones, Pumps, Scales, Corn Sheilers, Churns, Shovels, Forks, Spades, Hoes and Rakes.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

Iron and Steel, Horse and Mule Shoes, Horse Nails, Blacksmith Supplies, Chain Traces, Hames, Trowels, Nails, Spikes, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Files, Chisels, Levels, Planes, Bevels, Wrenches, Picks, Mattocks, Hubs, Rims, Spokes, Shafts, Long and Short Arms, Clips, Springs, Enameled Cloth, Gum Canvass, &c.

A complete stock of TOOLS and Supplies for Carpenters, Builders, Masons, Sadlers, Shoemakers and others, with many House-furnishing articles. We invite the public to call and examine our prices.

☞No trouble to show goods. [mar 18

LUMBER

—AND—

HARDWARE.

G. E. HUKILL,

Successor to

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

Opposite the R. R. Depot,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Lumber, Hardware, and General Building Material. Sash, Doors. Shutters, Blinds, and Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass and Putty, Bricks, Building Lime, Hair, Etc. Constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT, TOWN AND COUNTRY PAINT,

(Ready-Mixed.)

"Blatchley's" Celebrated Cucumber Wood Pumps and everything in the building line.

Having made arrangements with large wholesale dealers, I shall be prepared to furnish large bills of Lumber for buildings, such as I may not have in stock, direct from wholesale dealers, thereby securing the lowest prices possible to be obtained.

Give me a call, and get my prices, before purchasing elsewhere. Feb 5-1y.

WORDEN

Planing and Moulding Mills,

Sash, Door, Blind and Peach Basket Factory,

AND LUMBER YARD.

I would call attention to my large stock of white pine Hemlock Lumber always in stock. Also, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters & Mouldings, which I will sell at city prices. Buying my lumber by the cargo, I am enabled to offer extraordinary inducements in prices. Inquiries by mail receive prompt attention. All kinds of mill work to order. Peach baskets a specialty in their season.

J. E. WORDEN.

Jan 1—6m Smyrna Del.

APRIL 1875

HARDWARE, PAINTS,

AND

CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS.

G. E. HUKILL

—SUCCESSOR TO—

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

DEALER IN

LUMBER AND GENERAL BUILDING MATERIAL.

HARDWARE—Building, Household and Agricultural.

PAINTS—"AVER'LL" and "TOWN and COUNTRY"—all colors; ready mixed; the BEST and CHEAPEST—in quarts, gallons and larger packages.

PUMPS—"BLATCHLEY'S" CUCUMBER WOOD—acknowledged the best.

—NEW—

STOVE AND TIN STORE

In Middletown.

Eliason & Benson,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

STOVES,

HEATERS, RANGES,

AND TIN WARE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

We have in stock the most popular and best Parlor, Cook and Room Stove manufactured, among them may be found the Home Delight, Morning Light, Florentine, Tuscan, Bon Ton, Florence, Charm, Belle, Regulator, Centennial, Palace Cook, Golden Eagle, Eureka, Combination Cook, Wabash, Model Complete, Victor Cook, Pretty Range, Pet Range, and can furnish on short notice any other stove manufactured.

We invite special attention to the Regulator "Revolving Top" for convenience. Surpasses anything in the stove line ever offered in this market.

Stoves repaired on the shortest notice.

Roofing and spouting a specialty.

We hope by giving our personal attention to business, and making moderate charges to receive a share of the public patronage.

Give us a call. ELIASON & BENSON,

Middletown, Del.

Middletown Directory.

CORPORATION OFFICERS.

TOWN COMMISSIONERS —T. E. Hurn, President; Thos. Masser, Jr., Secretary; Jas. H. Scowdrick, G. W. Wilson, Wm. W. Wilson.
ASSESSOR —C. E. Anderson.
TREASURER.—Isaac Jones.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—DeW. C. Walker.
CONSTABLE AND POLICEMAN —Vacant.
LAMPLIGHTER.—F. C. Schreitz.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

John A. Reynolds.

TRUSTEES OF THE ACADEMY.

Hon John P. Cochran, Pres.; Henry Davis, Treas.; Samuel Penington, Secretary; James Kanely, B. Gibbs, R. T. Cochran, N. Williams.
PRINCIPAL OF ACADEMY.—T. S. Stevens.

OFFICERS OF CITIZENS' NAT'L BANK.

DIRECTORS.—Henry Clayton, B. Gibbs, B. T. Biggs, John A. Reynolds, James Culbertson, E. C. Fenimore, M. E. Walker, J. B. Cazier, Joseph Biggs.
PRESIDENT.—Henry Clayton,
CASHIER.—J. R. Hall.
TELLER.—John S. Crouch.

DIRECTORS OF TOWN HALL CO.

J. M. Cox, Pres.; Samuel Penington, Sec; J. R. Hall, Treas; R. A. Cochran, Jas Culbertson, Jas. H. Scowdrick, Wm. H. Barr.

CHURCHES.

FOREST PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. John Patton, D. D., Pastor. Divine service every Sunday at 10.30 a.m and 7.00 p.m. Sunday School at 9 a.m. Lecture on Wednesdays at 7.00 p.m. Sunday School in the Chapel at Armstrong's every Sunday at 2 30 p.m.

ST. ANNE'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.—Rev. Wm. C. Butler, Rector. On Sundays—Morning Prayer, 10.30 a.m.; Evening Prayer, 7:30 p.m. Sunday School, 9 a.m. Evening Prayer on Fridays at 5 o'clock.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL,—Rev. L. C. Matlack, D. D., Pastor. Service every Sunday at 10.60 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sunday School at 9 30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 7.00 p.m.

COLORED METHODIST.—Rev N. Morris—Pastor. Service every other Sunday at 10.30 p.m.; 3 and 8 p.m. Sunday School every Sunday at 1 p.m.

MASONIC.

ADONIRAM CHAPTER No. 5, R. A. M. Meets in Masonic Hall on the second and fourth Fridays of every month at 8 o'clock, p.m.

UNION LODGE No. 5, A. F. A. M. Meets on the first and third Tuesdays of every month at 8 o'clock, p.m. Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DAMON LODGE, No. 12 Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Lodge room in the Town Hall.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

PEACH BLOSSOM GRANGE, No. 3. Meets every Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Grange Room in the Knights of Pythias Hall.

I. O. O. F.

GOOD SAMARITAN LODGE, No 9. Meets every Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clk. Lodge Room in Cochran Hall, No. 2, Cochran Square.

BUILDING AND LOAN.

MIDDLETOWN B. & L. ASSOCIATION.—Samuel Penington, Pres.; A. G. Cox, Secretary. Meets on the first Thursday of every month at 8 o'clock, p.m.

MUTUAL LOAN ASSOCIATION OF MIDDLETOWN.—Jas. H. Scowdrick, Pres.; A. G. Cox, Secretary. Meets on the third Tuesday of every month at 8 o'clock, p.m.

MIDDLETOWN LIBRARY AND READING-ROOM.

E W. Lockwood, Pres.; J. T. Budd, Sec'y; Rooms in TRANSCRIPT Building. Reading-Room open every day until 10 o'clock, p m Library open on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 3 o'clo k to 5 p m.

AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION

PENNS. AGRICULTURAL AND POMOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION.—Wm. R. Cochran, President and Chairman of Board of Managers; J. B. Clarkson, Secretary. Annual Meeting fourth Saturday in January. Next annual fair will be held on October 4th, 5th and 6th, 1876.

DIAMOND STATE BRASS BAND.

Meets for practice every Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

POST OFFICE.

OFFICE HOURS.—Opens at 6 30 a m and closes at 9 p m every day except Sunday

Mails for the North close at 7.30 a m, and 2.45 p m.

Mail for the South closes at 10 15 a m.

Mails for Odessa close at 10.23 a m and 7.30 p m.

Mails for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton close at 10.23 a m.

DELAWARE RAILROAD.

Passenger trains going North leave at 7.46 a m and 3 01 p m; going South at 10.33 a m and 7.55 p m. Freight trains with passenger car attached, going North, leave at 5.20 p m; going South, at 6 30 a m.

STAGE LINES

Stage for Odessa, with U. S. Mail, leaves shortly after arrival of the 10.43 am and 7.55 p m mail trains.

Stages for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton leave shortly after arrival of the 10.43 a m train.

MIDDLETOWN

Clothing House.

—

SELLING OFF AT COST.

—

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR WINTER CLOTHING,

If You want them Cheap.

UNDER CLOTHING BELOW COST,

OVERCOATS BELOW COST.

Coats that we sold at $10 we are now selling at $8.

Suits that we sold at $15 we are now selling at $12.

A large assortment of Hats and Caps on hand. You will find all of this at the New Clothing House.

feb 12-tf S. R. ESTES & CO.

FOR SALE.

A TOP BUGGY nearly new. Very cheap. As the subscriber is going West he wishes to dispose of it at an early date.

J. V. BAUDAIN,

Odessa, Del.

JOB PRINTING

Of Every Description

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Select Poetry.

WHICH SHALL IT BE?

[A rich man who had no children, proposed to his neighbor, who had seven, to take one of them, and promised, if the parents would consent, that he would give them property enough to make themselves and their other six children comfortable for life]

Which shall it be? Which shall it be?
I looked at John, John looked at me,
And when I found that I must speak
My voice seemed strangely low and weak:
"Tell me again what Robert said?"
And then I listening bent my head—
"This is his letter:
'I will give
A house and land while you shall live,
If, in return, from out your seven,
One child to me for aye is given.'"
I looked at John's old garments worn;
I thought of all that he had borne
Of poverty, and work, and care,
Which I, though willing, could not share;
I thought of seven young mouths to feed,
Of seven little children's need,
And then of this.

"Come, John," said I,
"We'll choose among them as they lie
Asleep." So, walking hand-in-hand,
Dear John and I surveyed our band;
First to the cradle lightly stepped
Where Lilian, the baby, slept,
Softly the father stooped to lay
His rough hand down in a loving way.
When dream or whisper made her stir,
And huskily he said: "Not her!"

We stooped beside the trundle-bed,
And one long ray of lamplight shed
Athwart the boyish faces there,
In sleep so beautiful and fair.
I saw on James' rough, red cheek
A tear undried. 'Ere John could speak,
"He's but a baby, too," said I,
And kissed him as we hurried by.
Pale, patient Robbie's angel face
Still in his sleep borne suffering's trace,
"No, for a thousand crowns not him!"
He whispered, while our eyes were dim.

Poor Dick! bad Dick! our wayward son—
Turbulent, restless, idle one—
Could he be spared? Nay, He who gave
Bade us befriend him to the grave:
Only a mother's heart could be
Patient enough for such as he;
"And so," said John, "I would not dare
To take him from her bedside prayer."

Then stole we softly up above,
And knelt by Mary, child of love.
"Perhaps for her 'twould better be,"
I said to John. Quite silently
He lifted up a curl that lay
Across her cheek in willful way,
And shook his head: 'Nay, love, not thee,"
The while my heart beat audibly.

Only one more, our eldest lad,
Trusty and truthful, good and glad,
So like his father. "No, John, no!
I cannot, will not, let him go."
And so we wrote in courteous way,
We could not give one child away;
And afterwards toil lighter seemed,
Thinking of that of which we dreamed,
Happy in truth that not one face
Was missed from its accustomed place;
Thankful to work for all the seven,
Trusting the rest to One in heaven.

Select Story.

A CLEVER RUSE.

BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.

Some time during the month of June, 1809, the American brig Sarah, of and from Norfolk, Va., entered the port of Liverpool with a full cargo. She was commanded by Captain Wm. Brown, and his first mate was Tom McDonough, a true-hearted Yankee sailor, who hailed from somewhere in the little State of Delaware. After the brig had been duly entered at the Custom House, she was soon cleared of her cargo, and within one week after her arrival, she was loaded for home

One pleasant evening—the one preceding the day on which the brig was to sail—Tom McDonough took a stroll up into the town. He had been to work all day in arranging the cargo, and having merely started out for a stroll, he had not thought it worth while to change his dress He had been up as far as the Exchange, and was returning by way of the docks, when he was accosted by a man who appeared to be a citizen.

"Good evening, stranger!"

"The same to you," returned Tom, never once mistrusting that there was harm in the way.

"Do you belong to any of the vessels now in the river?" asked the other, as he cast a scrutinizing glance over the somewhat rough habiliments of the American sailor.

"Yes, I belong to the American brig Sarah"

"No, no; that won't do."

"What won't do?" asked Tom, with not a little amazement at the remark.

"Oh, I know you," returned the stranger, "you are a deserter from the frigate."

As he spoke he placed a small whistle to his mouth, and in a moment after its shrill note had cut the air, six marines came rushing out from a tap-room close at hand, and at a motion from the stranger, they seized upon poor Tom and made him their prisoner In vain was it that Tom protested that he was second in command of the Sarah, and in vain that he threatened vengeance, but against the power of six stout fellows, he could make no effectual resistance, and so he was taken along to the naval landing, where five other prisoners, all victims of the press-gang, were awaiting their embarkation. A boat was in waiting in the command of a lieutenant, and into it Tom, with the unfortunate seamen, was unceremoniously hurried, and in less than half an hour, he found himself on board an English frigate which lay at the mouth of the river.

"A fine set of men," said the English Captain, as he ran his eyes admiringly over the stalwart forms of the impressed seamen. "They will just fill up the list of our main-topmen."

"Are you the commander of this frigate?" asked Tom, addressing the man who had just spoken.

"Captain Downie, at your service," replied the commander, with mock gravity.

"Then, sir, of you I demand my immediate release. I am second in command of an American brig now ready for sea, and no power in England can legally detain me."

"That won't go down, youngster," returned the Captain, with a sneer "You are a little too young for such an office The king needs men, and you must take your chance with the rest"

"Do you mean to say that I am to be detained on board your ship?"

"Certainly."

"Then, sir," replied Tom, while his eyes flashed fire, "you will do it at your peril. Already have your people run up a heavy reckoning, and the day shall yet come when your king will have to settle it. I am exempt by your own laws from impressment, and you know it."

The Captain showed a little anger as our hero spoke, but turning on one of his lieutenants, he said: "Mr. Monsom, have these men's names entered, and then station them and mess them;" and without further remark he walked aft to his cabin

In a moment, Tom's mind was made up, and without resistance or remark of any kind, he allowed his name to be entered on the purser's books, and his station and mess to be assigned him, after which a hammock and bedding were served out to him, and he was directed to "turn in" as soon as possible.

The frigate was well-guarded by sentries, there being two upon the poop, one at each gangway, one on the forecastle and one on the bowsprit, besides those who were stationed at various points below, so that no further notice was taken of the new-comers after they had received their bedding, except to give the sentinels additional caution with regard to watching well that no one left the ship unless he was passed by the officer of the deck.

Tom's hammock was already clewed, and having hung it up, he turned into it without undressing. The night was warm and sultry, and as a means of giving a circulation of fresh air, the gundeck's ports were lowered, and from the place in which our hero swung he could look out upon the water as it sparkled beneath the beams of the bright moon. Tom lay quiet until midnight, but as yet he could think of no means of escape. Shortly after that hour had passed, he heard the relief guard called, and in some ten minutes, the corporal of the first guard came down upon the gun deck and unlashed the hammock which hung next to his own, which operation being performed, he proceeded to undress himself, hanging his clothes as he did so, upon the clews of his hammock The four hour's duty had given the corporal an excellent appetite for sleep, and in less than five minutes after he touched his mattress, he began to snore.

"Now or never," thought Tom, "is my chance;" and with this idea in his mind, he slipped quietly out of his hammock and proceeded to divest himself of his own clothes, which having been accomplished, he very unceremoniously substituted those of the snoring corporal in their place, and then sat down upon the breeching of a gun to further meditate upon his plans.

One bell struck, and the sentinels passed the usual "all's well." Then Tom heard the corporal, as he started to go his rounds, and 'ere long he descended the main hatch ladder to visit the posts below. No sooner had the marine officer passed beyond the gallery, than our hero sprang up the ladder and gained the spar deck. The officer of the deck was aft, upon the starboard side, the sentries were walking their posts with regular tread, while the old quartermaster stood upon the poop with his night glass under his arm. The sentries performed their walk upon gang boards raised even with the bottom of the hammock nettings and running forward from the ladders. The larboard gang was shaded from the light of the moon by the awnings, and walking deliberately up the ladder, Tom looked over the ship's side.

"Sentry," said he in a mumbling sort of tone, "what boat is that at the boom?"

"The second cutter," returned the marine, showing by his manner that he had no suspicion of the spurious corporal.

Tom immediately walked aft to where stood the officer of the deck, and being quite assured by the mistake of the sentry, he pulled the cap down over his eyes and touching his visor respectfully, remarked: "I should like to overhaul the second cutter, sir, for I think there is rum aboard of her"

Tom knew he was playing a desperate game, but liberty was to be the result of success, and he flinched not a hair

"Ha! the villains," muttered the Lieutenant. "Up to their old tricks again. Go, Corporal, get down into the boat, and if you *do* find rum in her, they'll catch it."

Tom started quietly forward, but just as he got abreast of the fore-hatchway, he saw the *simon pure* corporal's head rising above the combing. The marine ascended no higher, for with one blow of his fist, Tom sent him back from whence he came, and then sprang quickly out through the port upon the swinging boom, and having reached the place where the second cutter's painter was made fast, he hauled the boat up and leaped into her The flood tide was setting up the river strongly, and quick as thought, Tom cast off the painter, and rapidly dropping astern.

"Help, help!" shouted our hero, at the top of his voice: "the boat's got loose."

"Get out a couple of oars, you lubber," cried the officer of the deck, as he jumped upon the poop just as the cutter was sweeping past the quarter "You can hold her against the tide."

Tom *did* get out a couple of oars, but the moment he got them balanced in the rowlocks, he commenced pulling for dear life, and, to the utter consternation of the lieutenant, the boat began rapidly to shoot up the river All the sentries on deck were immediatly called upon the poop, and their muskets were fired at the deserter, but though two of the balls whistled near the boat, yet none of them did any harm, and on the next moment Tom heard the third cutter called away, but he knew the men were all sound asleep in their hammocks, and so he felt secure.

It was ten minutes before the third cutter cast off from the ship and long ere they reached Tom he had gained the shore, and was running at a remarkable speed towards the city, which he reached in safety, and before 2 o'clock he was on board his own brig

The next morning the Sarah dropped down with the ebb tide, and as she passed the frigate, Tom saw the second cutter swinging in her usual place, and as he gazed upon the proud flag that floated at the English man's speak, he murmured to himself:

"If I live, I'll some day take the pride from these proud tyrants"

How literally was that saying fulfilled. Tom McDonough had been Decatur's favorite midshipman at the siege of Tripoli, and "wh rever Decatur led, he dared to follow." Subsequently to that brilliant chapter in the page of our history, occurred the event which is embodied in our sketch; but five years afterwards, on the 11 h of September, 1814, Thomas McDonough met one of England's proud fl e s on Lake Champlain. At the first broadside, the British Commodore, Downie, fell; and at the end of a fight which lasted two hours and twenty minutes, without intermission, Commodore Thomas McDonough was the conqueror of Champlain He had gained a proud victory and that day's achievement forms one of the brightest pages in the history of America.

Commodore Thomas McDonough—the hero of Tripoli, the conqueror of Champlain. He was a noble and true-hearted man, and a terror to all enemies of his country. Peace to his ashes, and everlasting honor to his memory.

SEA GROVE.

Four months ago the City and Point were not in comfortable communication by the beach Now a smooth, hard, wide avenue for driving and promenading is completed, making one of the most delightful boulevards along the whole Atlantic coast. The beach makes a most graceful curve around the Cape, running up into the Delaware Bay as far as the old Steamboat Landing, thus giving an almost complete semi-circle as the outline of the Point. Sea Grove is laid out with happy reference to this natural curve of the shore.

Only one year ago the locality was "part and parcel of a sandy wilderness," with its splendid possibilities undiscovered, or at least unattempted To the public spirit and enterprise of a Philadelphia merchant whose early days were spent on the farm near the point, and to whose family estate the land belonged, Sea Grove owes its existence Perceiving its rare advantages as a sea side resort, this gentleman joining with others of like mind, formed the Sea Grove Association, which was duly incorporated with the declared object to furnish a "sea-side home, where its dwellers may be refreshed and invigorated in body and soul, and better fitted for the highest and holiest duty of life" The event has shown that it was a happy thought, well conceived, and put into the right hands for execution Some 266 acres of land were bought and a charter obtained from the New Jersey Legislature, authorizing the Association to lay out, develop and improve the property, and to enforce such rules and regulations as might be necessary. Originally conceived the idea was to afford for the Presbyterian church similar advantages to those becoming so popular with other denominations. But this limited idea was soon abandoned, and the gates were thrown wide open to all well-disposed comers—a pleasing fact as to its religious complexion being that nearly 300 lot holders embrace ministers and laymen of all the denominations. The sale of liquor is forever prohibited within the precincts, and the early occupancy of so many of the lots by a sensible set of people from Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Wilmington and other cities—people who are not slaves of Mrs Grundy, nor fatally afflicted with McFlimseyism—is an assurance that the condition of social life there will be of the most happy and attractive sort.

Whilst continuous religious services of the campmeeting sort are not contemplated, and attendance upon religious meetings will not be at all obligatory, yet frequent public services will be enjoyed, the means being provided in the spacious pavilion constructed specially for this use. Already the Sea Grove movement has been signalized by an important Christian Convention of evangelical ministers and laymen, and a large Union Sunday School Convention and branch of the World's Evangelical Alliance are expected to hold their sessions there the coming summer

The history of the movement thus far may, however, be more or less familiar to many It is not too much to say that this new place has sprung more suddenly into popular favor than any similar enterprise. We are astonished at the growth, as by magic, of Western towns, but here are the foundations and much of the superstructure of a city built in less than a year, and ready for the reception of its 2,000 or 3,000 inhabitants.

To get a bird's eye glance at the new city, the best point of view is the pavilion. This is an octagonal structure one hundred feet in diameter, very substantially built in rustic style, with flooring and comfortable benches, seating at least 1,500 persons. A large tower balcony rises over it to the height of eighty-five feet above the ground affording a magnificent outlook upon the whole region Let us go up into the tower to take our observations. The pavilion forms the central plot and circle from which the city is laid out. The main avenues radiate from it in every direction, and with connecting and crossing streets give to the general plan very much the appearance of a spider's web. The avenues are named after distinguished Presbyterian divines, as Alexander, Knox, Brainerd, &c; after precious stones, as Pearl, Diamond, Emerald, Crystal, &c., and after our leading colleges and universities, as Princeton, Yale, Harvard, Lincoln, Oxford, Cambridge, and the like.

We look down upon three large hotels, already erected and capable of accommodating over 1000 guests, and upon fifty cottages built, with preparations for many more, on every hand. To the north, the boundary line of the premises is marked by the old turnpike road, which connects the Steamboat Landing with Cape Island City. The northern entrance, with its high rustic archways, is plainly discernable, and a little to the east the gem of the city, Lake Lily, lying in its blue, tranquil beauty. This lake is of purest, clearest water, perennially supplied by springs, and being at least half a mile in length, furnishes ample opportunity for the pleasure of boating and sailing, which ladies and children who fear the rougher water of the bay and ocean, may indulge without dread of danger. The avenue skirting the lake, with its wooded shores, makes a charming drive, as well as evening stroll

We have simply to say, further, that we believe Sea Grove appreciates its destiny and is bravely preparing to meet it. It is projected on a scale of enlarged expectation. Every public improvement necessary to a delightful, satisfying summer rest is to be provided. Already water-works, with a system of street pipes, are nearly completed, to furnish the hotels and cottages with clear and cool spring water. A horse-car railroad connects with Cape Island City and the world beyond. The post-office, express, and telegraph are here Bath houses, with hot and cold, fresh and salt baths are amply provided. Hard, wide, solid drives girt the city. Greenhouses are already filled with choice plants and flowers to beautify the avenues Day and Sunday-school for the children, necessary shops and stores, and all conveniences and appliances for a restful summer sojourn by the sea-side will be speedily supplied.

The lots are laid out in a way to give equitable advantages to all property owners—every building being required to be set back twenty feet, that a generous and airy outlook may be allowed and full and free currents of air fresh from the ocean and bay be obtained No drive is less than 50 feet in width, many being 80 and 100 feet; and over six miles of drives will be graded and gravelled within the city limits. The titles given are perfect, the land having been in the possession of the family of Mrs. Alexander Whildin for more than a century.

A generous offer to churches has been accepted by several congregations, and is, we understand still in force, to the effect that ministers or churches building this year will each have a lot presented to them worth $500. The West Jersey Railroad has also been generous in its offers of facilities for reaching the place It grants a free pass to the owner of a cottage for one or more years according to the outlay for improvements made, giving an annual pass for each $1000 expended. Trains will be run at convenient hours and on fast time during the summer, and it is expected also that a line of steamboats will be added to the traveling facilities

The fine farming tracts north of the city, which have been under good cultivation for years supply the tables of the new city as they have been supplying those of the older neighboring resort with all the product of the farm, garden, and dairy, bringing fresh vegetables and poultry and milk and butter to the doors of the hotels and cottages. With every earthly want supplied, and a congenial, select, moral, and Christian population, such as the founders of Sea Grove have contemplated in their charter and with such men as President Alexander Whildin, Secretary J C. Sidney, and resident managers of experience as Messrs. Springer and Edmunds and Dr. Marcy, and others to carry out the Association's views, we do not see how anything short of a most prosperous future is before this new sea-side home.

It may well extend its welcome to all weary workers in our crowded cities, with the assuring words of promise, "Here you may rest." H. J.

THOUGHTS FOR SATURDAY NIGHT.—That acknowledgment of weakness which we make in imploring to be relieved from hunger, and from temptation, is surely wisely put in our daily prayer Think of it, you who are rich, and take heed how you turn a beggar away.

Prejudices, it is well known, are the most difficult to eradicate from the heart whose soil has never been loosened or fertilized by education; they grow by education; they grow there as firm as weeds among rocks.

There is no weariness like that which rises from doubting, from the perpetual jogging of unfixed reason. The torment of suspense is very great; and as soon as the wavering, perplexed mind begins to come to a determination which way soever, it will find itself at ease.

He who can wait for what he desires takes the course not to be exceedingly grieved if he fails of it He, on the contrary, who labors after a thing too impatiently, thinks the success, when it comes, is not a recompense equal to all the pains he has been about it

It is the most beautiful truth in morals that we have no such thing as a distinct or divided interest from our race In their welfare is ours; and by flooring and comfortable benches, seating at least 1,500 persons. A large tower balcony rises over it to the height of eighty-five feet above the ground affording a magnificent outlook upon the whole region Let us go up into the tower to take our observations. The pavilion forms the central plot and circle from which the city is laid out. The main avenues radiate from it in every direction, and with connecting and crossing streets give to the general plan very much the appearance of a spider's web. The avenues are named after distinguished Presbyterian divines, as Alexander, Knox, Brainerd, &c; after precious stones, as Pearl, Diamond, Emerald, Crystal, &c., and after our leading colleges and universities, as Princeton, Yale, Harvard, Lincoln, Oxford, Cambridge, and the like.

We look down upon three large hotels, already erected and capable of accommodating over 1000 guests, and upon fifty cottages built, with preparations for many more, on every hand. To the north, the boundary line of the premises is marked by the old turnpike road, which connects the Steamboat Landing with Cape Island City. The

PHILOSOPHY —A man who had climbed up a chestnut tree had by carelessness missed his hold of one of the branches, and fell to the ground with such force as to break his ribs. A neighbor going to his assistance, remaked to him that "had he followed his rule in these cases he would have avoided the accident." "What rule do you mean?" said the other indignantly "This," said the philosopher, "never come down from a place faster than you go up."

Truth is our element of life, yet if a man fasten his attention on a single aspect of truth and apply himself to that alone for a long time, the truth becomes distorted and not itself, but falsehood—herein resembling the air, which is our natural element, and the breath of our nostrils; but if a stream of the same be directed on the body for a time it causes cold fever and even death.—*Emerson.*

Poor Pat.

Two jovial sons of Erin, named respectfully Pat and Mike, were recently sent into the woods to cut timber. While there, Mike saw a young tree bent down in a very suspecious manner At the end was tied a strong piece of string in which was a slipnoose fixed for catching rabbits.

The snare was baited with a very tempting looking apple. At first Mike was about to pick it up, when he saw the nature of the contrivance.

"Here, Pat!" he called out, "jist come here and see what a foine apple some greeny has drooped."

Pat came accordingly

"And faith!" he exclaimed, "what a pity to waste sich illegant fruits, so we'll jist eat it"

"But it is mine by right of diskivery," said Mike, with a grin.

"And its yerself as is a true born hog!" exclaimed Pat, angrily.

"Well," replied Mike, "as apples always gives me a pain in the stummick, yer welcome to it."

So Pat stooped to pick up the much desired apple, when, up sprang the tree and jerked him clean off his feet. There he hung with toes on the ground, and his wrists pulled almost out of joint, and worse than all when the tree flew up it knocked his nose almost off his face, and smashed it completely.

"Here Mike, ye villain!" he cried. "what do ye mane by this consarned trap as has almost knocked me nose off and broke me wrist intirely."

But Mike was standing a short distance away, with his hands to his sides, doubtless fearing an explosion.

"Och! ye spalpeen!" roared Pat. "ye may laugh at me, but be the powers it's mesilf as will be the death of ye!"

But dispite all the threats, Mike took his axe and walked off.

After a great deal of trouble, Pat at last extricated himself from his unpleasant situation, and the last time I saw him with his arm in a sling, and eighty-five cents worth of court-plaster on his face, he was looking for his joking friend with an old musket over his shoulder and a ten-pound cobble-stone in each pocket.

Children.

Did you ever think of it, how independent children are of circumstances?—how the children of the poor are as happy with a penny toy, with a bit of broken china, a rag baby or their mud pies, as the offspring of the rich with their endless variety of playthings selected with so much care from the most expensive shops? Do you know how ready children are to find employment in any condition with a contentment and cheerfulness which grown-up people may indeed envy? It is not until they become acquainted with the conventionalities of the world, and find they lack what is most important to the world's eye, that discontent creeps into the heart and dissatisfaction takes the place of this blessed state. Tell us not, says a recent writer, of the trim, precisely-arraigned house where are no children Tell us not of the never-disturbed nights and days, of the tranquil, unanxious heart, where children are not. We care not for these things God sends children for other purposes than merely to keep up the race—to enlarge our hearts, to make us unselfish and full of kindly sympathies and affections, to give our souls higher aims, and to call out all our faculties to extend enterprise and exertion; to bring round our fireside bright faces and happy smiles and loving, tender hearts. Our soul blesses the great Father every day that he has gladdened the earth with little children.

Character.

The character of a man's life affects thousands beside himself. Wickedness cannot be kept inside of a man's heart any more than stench can be kept in the gutter where it is generated. It spreads abroad and mingles with the air of the whole street, and all who pass the spot must breathe of its tainted odor. There is a moral atmosphere in which we all live and to which we all contribute some ingredient. We spread contagion through it pure and healthy. We cannot remain by ourselves any more than the drop of water can remain by itself when it is fallen into the stream. We become a part of the whole and the whole is effected by the part. Sin is contagious, and therefore we have no right to harbor it in our hearts. Impropriety is a crime not alone against ourselves, not alone again t God, but also against mankind. The voice of the entire race is lifted in protest against the crime and the criminal Every day is a day of judgment, and the moral sense of the whole world pronounces condemnation upon every man that doeth evil —*Golden Rule.*

Riches bring supiciousness as surely as over-eating brings gout. Rich men are always defended by men of business the kind of men who object to all schemes. No man is surely loved except by those who know his foibles The philosophers of each age are equally foolish; the common people gradually gain in wisdom Capacity for social enjoyment with most persons goes on steadily increasing with age We all begin by being pedants, pedantry being a peculiar attribute of the young *Sir Arthur Phelps.*

There is this difference between the two temporal blessings, health and money—money is the most envied, but the least enjoyed; health is the most enjoyed, but the least envied; and this superiority of the latter is still more obvious when we reflect that the poorest man would not part with health for money, but that the richest would gladly part with all his money for health.—*Colton.*

Too much idleness, I have observed, fills up a man's time much more completely, and leaves him less his own master, than any sort of employment whatsoever.

Varieties.

Little strokes fell great oaks.

A noble nature is comprehended only by its peer.

Poverty wants the necessities of life, but avarice wants everything.

The loud laugh that spoke the vacant mind.—*Goldsmith.*

Worth begets in base minds envy; in great souls, emulation —*Gielding.*

The only fence against the world is a thorough knowledge of it —*Locke.*

Youth is a continual intoxication, it is the fever of reason.—*Rochefoucault.*

The feeling of gratitude has all the ardor of a passion in noble hearts.—*Achilles Poincelet.*

When a man seems to be wise, it is merely that his follies are proportionate to his age.—*Rochefoucault.*

We ought not judge men's merits by their qualifications, but by the use they make of them —*Carron.*

We seldom find people ungrateful so long as we are in a condition to render them service.—*Rochefoucault*

He that preaches gratitude pleads the cause of God and men; for without it we can neither be sociable nor religious.—*Seneca.*

It is now estimated that about 117,000 men, women and children live in the canalboats on the English rivers and canals.

Man has here two and a half minutes—one to smile, one to sigh, and half of one to love; for in the midst of this minute he dies.—*Richter.*

A convict in the Michigan State Prison has made a steam engine entirely of tin, that runs and drives small machinery.

The wise man is but a clever infant spelling letters from an hieroglyphical prophetic book, the lexicon of which lies in eternity.—*Carlyle.*

An eagerness and zeal for dispute on every subject, and with every one, show great self-sufficiency, but a never failing sign of great self-ignorance.

Some characters are like some bodies in chemistry—very good, perhaps, in themselves, yet fly off and refuse the least conjunction with each other.

The school boy counts the time till the return of the holidays; the minor longs to be of age; the lover is impatient until he is married.—*Addison.*

There is a tide in the affairs of men which taken at the flood leads on to fortune: omitted, all the voyage of their life is bound in shallows and mysteries.—*Shakespeare.*

He that loves Christianity better than truth will soon love his own sect or party better than Christianity, and will end by loving himself better than all.—*Coleridge.*

Thinkers are scarce as gold; but he whose thoughts embrace all his subject and pursues it uninterruptedly and fearless of consequences, is a diamond of enormous size —*Lavater*

Honest and courageous people have very little to say about either their courage or their honesty. The sun has no need to boast of his brightness, nor the moon of her effulgence.

The prairie sections of southern Minnesota are fast being covered with a forest growth since the stoppage of prairie fires. Willow, wild apple, hazel oak and aspen trees spring up spontaneously.

The beautiful laws of time and space once dislocated by our inapitude, are holes and dens. If the hive be disturbed by rash and stupid hands, instead of honey it will yield us bees.—*Emerson.*

I undertake to show you that you have means and power to exhibit greatness of soul and a manly spirit; but what occasion you have to find fault and complain, show me if you can.—*Epictetus.*

Of all the vices meanness is the most generally detested; it is the effect of an avidity common to all men; it is because they hate those from whom they can expect nothing. The greedy misers rail at sordid misers.—*Helvetious.*

Humility is the hallmark of wisdom. Socrates, whom the united opinion of the world in which he moved pronounced to be the wisest man, was content with the title of a lover of wisdom rather than a professor of it.—*Jeremy Collier.*

The miser is sometimes a grand personification of fear. He has a fine horror of poverty; and he is not content to keep want from the door, or at arms length, but he places it, by heaping wealth upon wealth, at a sublime distance —*Lamb.*

An item of foreign news is to the effect that the King of Burmah has ordered that all the tribunals and other public offices shall be closed for forty days. During this period the ceremony of boring the Princesses' ears is to be performed

A childhood passed with a due mixture of rational indulgence, under fond and wise parents, diffuses over the whole of life a feeling of calm pleasure; and, in extreme old age, is the very last remembrance which time can erase from the mind of man.—*Sidney Smith.*

An editor received the following:—"Dear sir—I have looked carefully and patiently over your paper for six months for the death of some individual I was acquainted with, but as yet not a single soul I care anything about has dropped off; you will please to have my name erased"

The father of all newspapers is the venerable Pekin *Gazette*, which is over 1,000 years old It is a ten-page paper, with a yellow cover; has no stories, no "ads.," no marriage or death notices, no editorials, no subscribers. It simply contains the official notices of the Government.

Whatever mitigates the woes or increases the happiness of others is a just criterion of goodness; and whatever injures society at large, or any individual in it, is a criterion of iniquity One should not quarrel with a dog

The Middletown Transcript.

EDWARD REYNOLDS, EDITOR.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1876.

THE MARYLAND Democratic State Convention has been called by the State Executive Committee to meet at Maryland Institute in Baltimore, on Wednesday, May 31st, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the National Democratic Convention which meets at St. Louis, on the 27th of June. A resolution was offered before the committee to authorize the said State Convention to select presidential electors, but it was rejected. Maryland's quota of delegates to the National Convention is sixteen.

THAT ignorance of the rules of the Democratic party of this county may not cause a non-compliance with them, we publish them in full in the TRANSCRIPT this morning. A strict observance of their requirements will prevent all grounds for bickerings and disputings in regard to the time and manner of holding the county meetings and choosing delegates to them. The first, it will be seen, requires the holding of the usual county meeting on the last Saturday in May. The second fixes the time for holding the election for the nomination of candidates for sheriff and coroner, and the third prescribes the time for holding the county convention and the manner of choosing delegates to it. These must be chosen by ballot. This portion of the rules has been more shamefully abused than any other, and in many instances the delegates have been *appointed* by two or three persons who attended the primaries and run them to suit themselves. The observance of that part of Rule 3, which refers to "election districts" will also serve to allay ill feeling and to keep harmony within the ranks of the party.

SILVER RESUMPTION.—In accordance with orders from Secretary Bristow the officers of the subtreasury departments in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and other cities began paying out silver coin in exchange for fractional currency on Thursday morning. Crowds of people hurried to the treasury buildings and received the coin for their "shinplasters" as rapidly as the paying clerks could give it to them. Thus once more after a suspension of over fifteen years the people are about to see solid money put into circulation. This is a "consummation devoutly to be wished." People have long since grown heartily tired of the small paper money and wished to see silver coin, at least, in daily use. As far as gold is concerned nobody cares particularly to have it in circulation. The treasury notes are much preferable for common use. If the Department can only succeed in putting plenty of small coins in circulation they need not trouble themselves any further about specie resumption. There is said to be some $20,000,000 of silver now on hand, and as more is being coined every day there will, doubtless, soon be enough to redeem all the fractional currency now in circulation. It is sincerely hoped that nobody will hoard it up. Let it go, you'll get plenty more of it in a little while The authorities are determined to call in all the shinplasters and issue silver instead, and if the people go to keeping the silver in their pockets or bureaus we will soon have no small change. It will benefit them nothing to hoard it as there is no premium on silver, nor is there likely to be any, but on the contrary it is at a small discount when offered in large quantities.

THE *Commercial* in one of its multitudinous patriotic effusions against Bayard, expresses the opinion that if Mr. Bayard should be elected President "we should doubtless see an ex-Confederate general directing the operations of the War Department, and one of the commanders in the Confederate "Navy" administering the "Navy Department." Whom Mr. Bayard, or any other Democratic President, would put into these offices of course no one knows, but one thing all may feel assured of and that is that no thieves, post-tradership sellers, crooked whiskey operators, safe burglars, Credit Mobilier "confidence men," Emma Mine swindlers or other such precious rascals will be put into the cabinet, sent on foreign missions or given other places of trust. Every ex-Confederate general and Navy commander, might be placed in office, and out of the whole of them no such characters as Belknap, Babcock, Robeson, Schenck, Harrington, &c., would be found. Any Democrat who should be placed in the Presidential office, be he whom he might, would scorn to have around him such creatures as the vast majority of the men whom the present Administration has gathered around it. While the Democrats point out the rascalities, villainies, corruptions and dishonest practices of Republican officials, the Republicans can only retaliate with the one old charge of "disloyalty." These men talk as if they thought the people of the United States had little sense enough to think that the one great and unpardonable sin which any one could possibly ever have committed is to have differed with the administration during the late civil war, while to have been "loyal" is sufficient license for the commission of all kinds of rascalities. Like the Reverend Philadelphia hypocrite who declared that a "Republican was better in a theatre than a Copperhead in a prayer meeting" they pretend to think that it would be better to put any loyal scoundrel in office than the most perfectly honest "disloyal" Southerner.

Patriotism.

The Republican Press are constantly harping upon Patriotism, and endeavoring to offset the crookedness of their Administration coterie by charging upon Democrats in general, and those in particular whose names are mentioned as possible nominees of the St. Louis Convention as being disloyal and not sustaining the Government in its hour of peril. In a Republican form of government "The Constitution is the Crown and all else is subservient thereto The officers from the highest to to the lowest are but the creatures of its provisions and are sworn to support and obey it, and all laws made in pursuance thereof." Hence men who regarded the magna charta first and the whims of officials last, were oftentimes charged with disloyalty, subjected to arrest, imprisonment, and many other indignities While baeted passions born of the excitement of the hour swayed men's minds bearing down their better judgment, a plausible excuse might be made for many of these outrages, but that is no longer the case, the war has long since ceased Peace for eleven years has been the position of the North, and the passions have had time to cool, and honest men willing to accord to others the same honesty of purpose claimed for themselves, can readily see that many of the noblest and purest minds of the country were those who had the manly courage to throw themselves into the contest then raging, in support of the Constitution and to as far as lay in their power check the madness that was rushing the country on to ruin equal at least to dismemberment. A brake is of no use to a train of cars ascending a grade, but when the summit is reached and the descent begun the brake is the salvation of train and people, and just so with the mad passions of the war: those Statesmen who held the Constitution constantly up to view, who day by day reminded the country that it was their guide and ruler, were the well applied brake saving the American Republic and people from utter destruction The time has come, when the people recognize this fact, and all efforts of administration journals to cover up the bad acts of their own people with the old war cry of disloyalty against those whom the people are determined to place in power, will only add to their discomfiture and confirm the old lexicographer Dr. Johnson when he defines "Patriotism as the last refuge of a scoundrel."

Letter from Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. D., April 18, 1876.

THE ARRAIGNMENT OF BELKNAP.

Contrary to general expectation General Wm. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, appeared in person at the bar of the Senate on Monday, the 17th instant, to answer to the articles of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives. It was believed he would not respond to the summons of the Senate *in propria persona;* as, strictly speaking, he was not required to do so. He could, had he so wished, have appeared by counsel, which would have been entirely satisfactory to the Senate sitting as a High Court of Impeachment; but he was advised by his lawyers to put on a bold front, and, by his presence endeavor, to impress the court with the fact that he was not afraid to confront either it or his accusers. It must be confessed that he went through the ordeal remarkably well. It is almost needless to say that he was the cynosure of the Senators who sat as the judges in his case, of the members of the House who occupied seats on the floor, of the "lynx-eyed" reporters, and of the thousands who thronged the galleries; and, that throughout the entire proceedings, he maintained a calm demeanor scarcely to be expected under the circumstances. A portly, fine-looking fellow of forty-six or forty-seven, of the pure Saxon type, with blue eyes and long blonde beard, he sat between Jeremiah S. Black and Montgomery Blair, two of his counsel, holding in one hand a pair of lemon-colored kids, apparently as unconcerned as the Ethiopians who slumbered peacefully in the gallery.

EX-SENATOR MATT. H. CARPENTER

is the senior counsel in the case, and will probably take a leading part in the trial. Self-possessed, and amiable in manner, Carpenter, with his conceded ability, has an easy, swaggering air about him which endears him to the "b'hoys," who are ready to shout, "Hi! Hi!" whenever a witticism drops from his lips. Somehow or another, the people of Wisconsin saw fit to drop the Honorable Matt. from their list of favorites, and he returns to his profession to defend the Treasury thieves like Ottman, safe burglars like Harrington and Babcock, carpet-bag Senators like Spencer, and venders of post-tradership like Belknap. The Honorable Matt. has always strenuously insisted that no United States Senator can live on his salary. Possibly not, if Senators will keep pace with the ex-Senator from Wisconsin in his lavish expenditures. Said he, during the Spencer investigation: "Gentlemen of the Committee, I object to that question If General Spencer did borrow money, it was no crime You know, gentlemen, as well as I, that after a man has been in the United States Senate three or four years, he must necessarily be poor; and, certainly none of you will say that poverty is a crime." Query: If serving in the Senate is such an impoverishing process, why are there so many aspirants for seats in that body who are willing to spend thousands of dollars to secure the object of their ambition? A prize chromo, valued at twenty-five cents, will be awarded to the person who will solve that conundrum.

THE CHIEF IMPEACHMENT MANAGER.

Having referred to the counsel for Belknap, let us take a look at the Chairman of the impeachment managers on the part of the House of Representatives, Hon. Scott Lord, Representative from the Twenty-third Congressional district (Oneida county) of New York. Mr. Lord is a portly, fine looking gentleman of about fifty-six. His hair is gray, and rather thin. He wears no beard; but a moustache of moderate size surmounts his mouth, and gives him a *distingue* appearance When he rises in his seat, one cannot but be reminded of Fernando Wood, of New Yord, whom he somewhat resembles. In speaking, Mr. Lord is deliberate in manner, and, while never affected, is always dignified and precise in his language. He is a practising lawyer of Utica, and, for seven years, occupied a seat on the bench, as Judge of Livingston county. That, assisted by his able brother managers, all good lawyers, he will handle the present case skilfully, there is no reason to doubt.

NEW YORK IN THE NEXT ELECTION.

In every Presidential election there has been some State, or group of States, on whose electoral votes success seemed to hang. In days past, Ohio and Pennsylvania have each, at certain periods, occupied this enviable and commanding position. At present, every indication seems to point to the Empire State as the one in which a majority will be most useful to the election of a candidate, and most certain to insure the defeat of his opponent. The New York *Sun* of late date has the following short, pointed editorial bearing on the subject. The *Sun's* views are sound, and, while it perhaps recommends the selection of the aristocratic and subservient New York Senator, because it thinks him likely to be an easy opponent for the Democracy to beat, yet, what is said of his State cannot be gainsaid. Here is the paragraph:

There is one argument in favor of Mr. Conkling's nomination which his supporters have not urged with adequate zeal. It is just sixty years since the party opposed to the Democracy selected its Presidential candidate from the State of New York. In 1816, the Federalists ran Rufus King, of this State, as a sort of forlorn hope against James Monroe, but without the slighest expectation of electing him. In the long period which has since intervened, and during which the Federalists passed away and the Whig party arose, and, after an illustrious career, disappeared, and the Republican party was formed and finally came into power and has ruled the country for sixteen years, the Presidential candidate of the anti-Democratic party has never been a citizen of New York. *And yet, all through this eventful epoch in the history of the nation, New York has been, in every particular, the foremost State in the Union, and, at nearly every Presidential election her vote has decided the contest.*

The italics are mine, and will serve to call the readers attention more emphatically to the fact, that New York has, for a half century, had the casting and decisive vote in every presidential election. In view of these facts, it would be well for the St. Louis convention, while selecting a man of pure and irreproachable personal charater (and none other can be elected, in the present temper of the people,) to see to it that he can carry the Empire State. The South will be solid for any good candidate, and the very fact of securing New York will send such dismay through the ranks of the enemy, as will render victory comparatively easy of achievement.

The Veto of the Presidential Salary Bill.

In the United States Senate, Wednesday, the following message was read from President Grant vetoing the bill fixing the salary of the President of the United States at $25,000:

To the Senate of the United States:

Herewith I return Senate bill No. 172, entitled "An act fixing the salary of the President of the United States," without my approval.

I am constrained to this course from a sense of duty to my successors in office, to myself, and to what is due to the dignity of the position of chief magistrate of a nation of more than forty millions of people.

When the salary of the President of the United States was fixed by the constitution at $25,000 per annum we were a nation of but three millions of people, poor from a long and exhaustive war, without commerce or manufactories, with but few wants, and those cheaply supplied. The salary must then have been deemed small for the responsibilities and dignity of the position, but justifiably so from the impoverished condition of the treasury and the simplicity it was desired to cultivate in the republic.

The salary of Congressmen under the constitution was first fixed at six dollars per day for the time actually in session, an average of about one hundred and twenty days to each session, or seven hundred and twenty dollars per year, or less than one-thirtieth of the salary of the President.

Congress have legislated upon their own salaries from time to time since, until finally it reached $5,000 per annum, or one-fifth that of the President before the salary of the latter was increased.

No one having a knowledge of the cost of living at the national capital will contend that the present salary of congressmen is too high, unless it is the intention to make the office one entirely of honor, when the salary should be abolished—a proposition repugnant to our Republican ideas and institutions.

I do not believe the citizens of this republic desire their public servants to serve them without a fair compensation for their services. Twenty-five thousand dollars does not defray the expenses of the executive for one year, or has not in my experience. It is not now one-fifth in value what it was when fixed by the constitution in supplying demands and wants.

Having no personal interest in this matter I have felt myself free to return this bill to the House in which it originated with my objections, believing that in doing so I meet the wishes and judgment of the great majority of those who indirectly pay all the salaries and other expenses of the government.

U. S. GRANT.

Executive Mansion, Apr. 18, '76.

THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS.—On Saturday the Centennial Grounds were closed to visitors This was done on account of the fact that a great deal of sodding, grading and sowing of grass seed in the garden plots between the various buildings is going on, and the presence of a large number of visitors on the grounds interferes greatly with the work.

Don Pedro II., Emperor of Brazil, arrived at New York on Saturday, on a visit to the United States. He is accompanied by the Empress

Rules for the Government of the Democratic Party of New Castle County, Del.

Adopted by the Convention, September 5th, 1874.

Rule 1. The chairman of the last preceding County Meeting shall call a meeting of the Democratic party, at New Castle, on the last Saturday of May, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in every year of a general election. In case of the disability of the chairman aforesaid, such meetings shall be called by the Vice Presidents or Secretaries of the said last meeting. Such meeting shall choose new officers, and shall then appoint, in any manner, three Judges for each of the wards of the City of Wilmington, and for each hundred or election district of the county, whose duty it shall be to hold the elections hercinafter provided for. The names of such Judges shall be published in all the Democratic papers of the county.

Rule 2. The nomination election for Sheriff and Coroner shall be held on the second Saturday of June, between the hours of 12 M. and 7 P. M. The usual places of voting shall be the places of holding such elections. If it is not practicable to hold the election at such places, other suitable places shall be fixed by the Judges, who shall in every case give notice of the time and place of the election The Judges in any ward, hundred or district are empowered to fill vacancies that may occur in their Board.

Every free white male citizen who will be entitled to vote at the ensuing general election may vote on this occasion, *provided* that it is distinctly understood, whether by question from the Judges, or otherwise, that such citizen will support the successful candidate No vote shall be entertained by the Judges for any candidate who has not publicly pledged himself to support the successful candidate

The Judges shall keep a correct copy of the Poll List, to be subject to the call of the County Committee or the Executive Committee of the hundred. The Judges shall faithfully execute the foregoing instructions. In case there be more than two candidates, a plurality shall nominate. Upon the votes being fairly counted and ascertained the Judges shall publicly announce the result, and shall make two certificates of such election, and shall immediately forward by mail, one to the editor of the *Delaware Gazette*, for publication, and one to the chairman of the County Meeting.

Rule 3. Candidates for the Legislature and Levy Court shall be chosen by a County Convention, to be held at New Castle, on the first Saturday of September, at one o'clock p m. Such Convention shall consist of fifty-five delegates apportioned thus: From each of the several Wards of the city of Wilmington, one delegate; and from each of the other hundreds of the county five delegates; where a Hundred is divided into election districts the delegates shall be distributed in the several districts in said hundred as may be designed by the several executive committees of the same.

Such delegates shall be chosen by ballot, at an election which shall be held on the third Saturday of August, between the hours of 12 M. and 7 P. M., in the City of Wilmington, and between the hours of 12 M. and 5 P. M in the remainder of the county. The Judges appointed under Rule 1, shall hold the election of the delegates, and under the regulations prescribed by Rule 2

The Convention shall not be adjourned without day, until after the general election; and if any vacancies shall occur in the ticket, the Chairman shall call the Convention together to fill them.

Rule 4. At the County meeting provided for by Rule 1, a County Committee, to consist of three persons from the City of Wilmington, and one person from each of the hundreds of the county, shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to supervise the campaign, and direct the call for mass meetings In case of contested nominations arising under Rule 2, the County Committee shall determine the same by a vote of the majority of the whole number of said committee. Contestants with their witnesses and counsel may appear before said committee. In case of death, declinations or inability to serve, of any person nominated under Rule 2, the County Committee shall make provision for another nomination. The powers of such committee shall continue until the next biennial county meeting.

Rule 5. When a call shall be issued by the State Executive Committee for a convention to nominate candidates for Governor and Representative in Congress; or to nominate an Electoral Ticket; or to appoint delegates to a National Convention, the Judges aforesaid shall hold an election on the day recommended by the said committee; or if no day be recommended, on a day to be named by the said Judges, between the hours mentioned in Rule 3, for the purpose of choosing delegates to such State Convention, according to the appointment prescribed by Rule 3.

If a State Convention is called at such a time, that it would not be practicable for the Judges aforesaid, to hold such election, the County Committee shall provide for electing delegates to such convention according to the said appointment.

Such delegates are requested to resist any and all attempts to vote by counties in said convention, but adhere to the principle of voting herein before laid down in Rule 3.

Rule 6 In all conventions hereby authorized by the Democratic party, a majority of the members present shall govern, and nominate the candidates; but for the government of their proceedings, the rules of the House of Representatives of the State, shall be adopted so far as is not inconsistent with the above.

Rule 7. These rules shall govern the Democratic party of the several hundreds, in their primary meetings, and in all County and State Conventions, and shall not be altered, amended nor suspended, except by the September convention, which by rule No. 3, is called.

THE END OF THE PEACH CROP.—What peaches were left in this locality were destroyed by the sharp frost of Wednesday night last. Whole orchards in full bloom were swept with the besom of destruction. It is feared that the pears are also seriously damaged, as they were in full bloom.—*Milford News.*

General News Summary.

When not prompted by vanity we say little

A fire in Yeddo, Japan, March 13, destroyed two hundred houses.

Santa Anna, warned by the fate of Washington, has bought a monument.

They extinguished a fire in Erie county, N Y., with cider the other night.

New York is discussing the question whether it is the right thing to eat peanuts in the cars.

The Merrimac river is very high, and about 4,500 mill operatives are out of employment in consequence.

Over 100,000 birds were imported to this country last year, 80,000 of them being canaries.

Holmes' boot manufactory, in Westborough, Mass., was burned on Saturday. Loss, $50,000 to $60,000.

Queen Elizabeth's nightcap was wrought with gilded silk, and she always had two pillows all to herself.

New Orleans is bragging about her new potatoes. That is all right; but a good many of them are mighty small.

There are nearly thirty thousand miners on a strike in South Yorkshire and Derbshire, England.

The grand jury of Washington has indicted General Babcock for complicity in the safe-burglary conspiracy

Dexter Brothers, the extensive cotton manufacturers of Pawntucket, Rhode Island, have made an assignment.

England experienced fair though cold weather on Saturday. The recent snowstorm was the heaviest of the winter.

Secretary Bristow on Saturday received one hundred and fifteen dollars in gold from Boston, for the conscience fund.

The widow of A. T. Stewart has transferred to Henry Hilton all the right and title of her late husband in the business of the firm of A. T. Stewart & Co.

Political Notes.

Judge Black says the difference between him and Judge Davis is that he is a Democrat but not a candidate, while Davis is a candidate but not a Democrat.

Col. James O. Broadhead is liable to turn up at the St. Louis Convention as a Democratic candidate for the Presidency. There are several projects on foot in Misscuri to bring him out as a "favorite son."

The "prominent Presidential candidate," who was warned by his friend to "look out for the undertow," is understood to have replied, with some profanity, that it was not the undertow, but the Bristow, that worried him.

The vituperative attacks made upon ex-Governor Curtin by numerous small organs are thus noticed by the Mauch Chunk *Democrat*: "A number of petty two-penny papers throughout Pennsylvania think they are smart when they abuse ex-Governor Curtin. Only a few years ago the publishers of these same papers were the most abject toadies to the ex-Governor, and were glad to rank among his admirers. Because Mr. Curtin disowns Grantism and Cameronism he is maligned and traduced."

DEATH OF EX-GOVERNOR POLK, OF MO.—Hon. Trusten Polk, ex-Governor of Missouri and ex-United States Senator, died at his residence in St. Louis, on Sunday morning last. Mr. Polk was a native of Sussex county, Delaware, and was born May 29, 1811. He was graduated at Yale College in 1831, and studied law at the Yale Law School In 1835 he removed to Missouri and began the practice of law. In 1845 he was chosen a member of the State Constitutional Convention, and in 1856 he was elected Governor, but resigned the Governorship shortly after his inauguration, in 1857, to accept a seat in the United States Senate. In 1862, he, like many other Senators, gave his sympathies to the South, and was, in consequence, expelled from the Senate by his "loyal" associates.

UNITED AMERICAN MECHANICS.—It is estimated that 15,000 members will participate in the parade of the order of United American Mechanics, to come off in Philadelphia the 8th of June. Seventeen States have signified their intention of joining it, among them Delaware. Each State will form a grand division, selecting its own marshals and aids, so as to reduce the number of men in a division to eight hundred. The dresses worn will be dark, with the red, white and blue collar and white apron, having the devices of the order thereon The junior members will wear a fatigue cap

MARRIED,

HOUSTON—COCHRAN.—In St. Anne's P. E. Church, Middletown, on Wednesday evening, 19th inst., by Rev. W. C. Butler, George H. Houston to Miss Annie S., daughter of R. W. Cochran, Esq.

DIED.

FRAZIER.—On the 14th inst., near Sassafras, Md, Mrs. Caroline Frazier, relict of the late Dr. John Frazier, in her 75th year.

"Glory, glory, blessed Jesus!
I come to Thee, I come, I come!"
In accents clear, these words she spake;
Then passed from earth to heaven home.

With meek submission, she has borne
The cares and trials of her life,
Till life has only left, in death,
The end of sorrow and of strife.

Blessed mother, we'd stay thee not
From that celestial home above;
Though parting fill our eyes with tears,
And cause our hearts to ache with love.

No more to hear thy voice on earth,
No more thy kindly smile to greet;
Then be it our earnest endeavor,
Mother, to thee in heaven meet.

J. S. F.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY ISAAC JONES, JR.

Wheat, new	$1.40@1.50
Corn, yellow	58@60 cts.
Corn, White,	57 cts.
Oats,	40@42
Timothy Seed,	4 00
Clover "	11.00@11.50

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS.

Eggs	16@18 ₱ doz.
Butter	30@35cts. ₱ lb
Lard	14@15 " "
Chickens, dressed	14@15 cts. ₱ lb
Turkeys, dressed	16@18 "
Geese, "	7@8 "
Ducks. "	13@14 "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Prime red wheat	$1 50@1.52 ₱ bus.
Corn	69@70 ₱ bus.
Oats (Pennsylvania) new	47@51 cts.
Clover seed	16½@18 ₱ lb.
Timothy	2.85

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Wheat, good to amber	1.55@$1 63
Corn, white, old	64@67
Corn, yellow	64@66
Oats, Southern	45@48 cts.
Rye	85

Book Notices.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.—In Lippincott's Magazine for May, the fifth paper of the Centennial series, "The Century; its Fruits and its Festival," gives an account of the minor structures of the Exhibition, public and private, with pictures of the most important and attractive of them, and a plan of the grounds, in which the positions of all the buildings are distinctly noted. The first of two illustrated papers on Constantinople, by a lady who has not only explored the streets and bazaars of the Turkish capitol, but had access to several harems, is written with great liveliness, and goes into details of domestic life and manners which will claim especial attention from female readers. A weightier article—one that combines a vast amount of solid information with striking and suggestive views—is that on "Berlin and Vienna," by Prof. J. M. Hart. It traces the history and contrasts the characteristics of these two capitals, and indicates the share that each has had, and may hereafter be expected to have, in the national development. Some hitherto unpublished facts respecting Benedict Arnold, and the beautiful and accomplished wife who shared his disgrace, though she had no part in his crime, are communicated in a very agreeable style by the writer of "An Old House and its Story."

ST. NICHOLAS FOR MAY.—With its May number, St. Nicholas begins a new serial story, "The Cat and the Countess," translated from the French by Thomas Bailey Aldrich, and illustrated with silhouettes by Hopkins. The first installment introduces the principal characters in a series of striking incidents, and contains no less than thirty-six comical silhouette drawings.

As for miscellaneous attractions, the large number of them forbids even the mention of all; but among the first are Mrs. Oliphant's second paper on "Windsor Castle; Susan Coolidge's "Talk with Girls" on "Ready for Europe;" and the two beautiful poems, "The Palace of Gondoforus" by H. H., and "Snow Flakes" by Mrs. Dodge. The stories of Clough's Top-Knot" and "The Dotterels' Luck" are excellent; and the rhyme of "The King of the Hobbledygoblins," with its fantastic picture, is a feature in itself. Mrs. Abby Morton Diaz contributes a May-Day play; Marion Harland has another "Little House-Keeper's Page," with fine illustration; and the department for "Very Little Folks is occupied with a charming poem, "The Fate of a Ginger-Bread Man," with little pictures by M. Woolf.

"Jack-in-the-Pulpit" is as brilliant as ever. "The Little School-ma'am" awards several prizes, and "Deacon Green" offers several more. The Letter-Box and Riddle-Box are crowned with good things.

SCRIBNER FOR MAY.—In the May number of Scribner, Col. Etting, of the Committee on the Restoration of Independence Hall, discusses the "Portraiture of William Penn." The illustrations include the famous Penn Treaty Picture, by West; Penn in Armor, at the age of twenty-two (from a rare engraving on steel); Admiral Penn (the father of William), and the newly discovered portrait of William Penn, a copy of which was recently added to the National Museum. From the forth-coming Bryant History of the United States, an entertaining passage is published concerning "The True Pocahontas." The College Series is continued with a paper on Bowdoin College, containing reminiscences of Hawthorne, Longfellow, and other distinguished men; among the pictures is a silhouette of Longfellow, at about the age of nineteen. A series of papers, giving an account of recent American and foreign experiments in "Co-operation," by Mr. Charles Barnard, author of the paper on "One Hundred Thousand Homes." Among the other papers are Bret Harte's and Edward Everett's Hale's serials; an illustrated sketch of John Guttenberg, by Theodore L. De Vinne (one of the printers of the magazine), a paper which groups, we believe for the first time in English, the result of the latest foreign research, and "The Old Cabinet" papers. "Bric-a-brac" contains something about "Col. Randolph Snaughter, of Virginia;" "Uncle Jim's Baptist Revival Hymn:" etc. Mr. P. T. Quinn's paper on gardening and the general management of small places in the country, this month, gives timely directions about evergreens, pears, grapes, and vegetables.

GENTLEMEN of this town who shave themselves will never know how painless and altogether comfortable this operation can be made until they have tried one of the improved Razors made by Mr. J. R. Torrey, of New York. Every man who has used one of the Torrey Razors is enthusiastic in their praise as the best in the world. Every Razor is warranted perfect, and every one will give a clean and easy shave when taken from the store, hold its edge longer and take a new edge easier than any Razor yet made. Mr. S. M. Reynolds keeps a full line of these Razors, and will be pleased to have any sufferer who has a difficult beard, put these statements and the J. R. Torrey's Razors to the test, at any time.

THEY DON'T STEAL.—It occurs to us that Belknap is not a Confederate brigadier. If he was it is probable that he would never have stolen anything from the Government which honored him with a high and important position. The fanatics of the North may hate us for having fought bravely for what we thought was right, but not one of them can point to a Confederate brigadier in the service of the United States who has stolen anything. They were terrific rebels, but they don't steal.—*Vicksburg Herald.*

New Advertisements.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A GOOD STORE HOUSE and DWELLING at Bohemia Mills. W. P. HYRONS, Millington, Md.
apr. 22–4t

FOR RENT.

A WHEELWRIGHT SHOP in Middletown. Apply to R. A. COCHRAN, or, CHARLES BURNS, At the Shop.
apr 22–3t

WANTED,

A situation as HOUSEKEEPER. Address "HOUSEKEEPER," MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
Apr 22—3w*

NOTICE.

The Board of Commissioners will meet in their office on the Second and Fourth TUESDAYS of each month.

Persons having Bills against the Town will present the same at their regular meetings, as no bills will hereafter be paid unless properly passed by the Board.

apr 22—3m T. E. HURN, Pres't.

Middletown Nursery & Fruit Farm

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Having left on hand a nice lot of Early Beatrice, Troth's Early, and a few other kinds of PEACH TREES, Wilson's Early BLACKBERRIES, Brandywine RASPBERRIES, Conover's Colossal ASPARAGUS, SHADE TREES, &c., I will sell them at greatly reduced prices in order to close Spring sales. Can also furnish, in small quantities, most other kinds of nursery stock. For catalogues, &c., address

E. R. COCHRAN,
apr 22–2t Middletown, Del.

John W. Mackey, FLORIST,

NEW CASTLE, DEL.,

Will have on exhibition and for sale in MIDDLETOWN a choice collection of Bradway's Plants, THURSDAY, April 20, 27 and May 4.

Extra inducements to those purchasing by the dozens. apr15–3t

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Poor for New Castle County, will be held at the Almshouse, on Wednesday, the 26th of April, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M. Those having bills against the Institution will please hand them to the Commissioner for their Hundred, or the Treasurer. JOHN W. EVANS,
apl15–2t Clerk.

FOR RENT,

A DWELLING, CARRIAGE HOUSE AND STABLE on Lake street. Possession on the 25th of March next. Apply to J. H. SCOWDRICK,
mar 18 Middletown, Del.

New Advertisements.

1776 YE CENTENNIAL. 1876

JAMES AND ALFRED COX,

J. M. COX & BRO.,

—OF YE TOWNE OF—

MIDDLETOWNE, DELAWARE,

Give notice to all ye people thate they are still making

CARRIAGES!!

of everye kinde, ye price of which will be moderate in consideration of ye harde times.

A goodlie number will be founde on hande for ye publick to look at & such lyke as ye people of this country may wante. All ye Carriages are goode & warranted to please.

Repairing also done with dispatche and carefulness.

REMEMBER YE PLACE!

Which is next door to Mr. Geo. W. Wilson's Coffin Shope, and opposite ye Bank, where money is kept.

apr 22$3m

1776 POPULAR CORNER. 1876

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES!

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS.

All hail ye people, far and near,
Of Popular Corner you now shall hear:
With goods piled up from door to door,
And sold for less than heretofore.

Just received, a large and well selected assortment of Spring DRESS GOODS for ladies' wear, at greatly reduced prices; French and American

Cloths and Cassimeres

for men's and boys' wear, very cheap; 300 pieces of Choice

New Prints

from 5 to 8 cts. per yard. The best makes of bleached and brown MUSLINS, Table Linen, Flannels, &c., kept constantly on hand and sold at prices to suit the times. The largest assortment of LADIES' SHOES in town. Hosiery, Gloves, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Trimmings and Edgings generally in great variety. The grocery department will bear inspection as to quality and prices.

Agency for Mme. Demorest's reliable Patterns of Fashion.

But we'll not tax your minds any longer by telling
Of the many cheap goods that we are now selling,
But come one! come all! and all come in time,
To the Popular Corner of G. W. W. Naudain,

Middletown, Del.

Assistants: H. G. RILEY, S. J. TOLSON, J. DAWSON.
apr 22–tf

W. N. WILSON,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

Grain, Feed,

FLOUR, FRUITS,

AND

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

Has on hand fresh from Robert Buist's Seed Store, of Philadelphia, a large and well selected lot of

GARDEN SEEDS.

Also, PEAS and BEANS by the quart,

ON MAIN STREET,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

(Near the Depot.)

Apr 22—tf

Spring Clothing!

SPRING CLOTHING!!

We have just brought from the city a large assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING,

which we would like you to call and examine before buying elsewhere.

Just call and examine our

$10 SUITS

and our $5 PANTS and VEST. We know that they will surprise you, as they are all wool. We manufacture our own goods, and can sell them at reduced prices for the cash

Clothing is cheap, but we are selling ours CHEAPER! What do you think of a good suit of Clothing at

$6, $7, $8 and $10 per Suit?

We have, also, a large assortment of

Hats, Caps, Trunks,

VALISES, &c.,

and you will find that they are cheap as the Clothing. Come one! come all! and give us a call, at the Middletown Clothing House,

S. R. ESTES & CO.,

Middletown, Del.

FOR RENT,

A Dwelling, on MAIN street, containing Seven Rooms, Garden and Cellar. One large room can be used for a Store, if desired.

Apply at C. J. SMITH'S Millinery,
apr15–tf Middletown, Del.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

CENTENNIAL ERA.

1876 SPRING TRADE. 1876

S. M. REYNOLDS

Wholesale and Retail Dealer,

INVITES THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC TO THE

Magnificent Display

—OF—

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN

Dry Goods,

Carpetings,

Notions,

&c., &c.

Secured for our Immense Sales at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Full lines of STAPLE COTTONS and WOOLENS in assortment unsurpassed by any house on the Peninsula.

A Beautiful Stock of British, French, and American

DRESS GOODS,

carefully selected and adapted to the wants of the Trade.

Muslins at Jobbers' prices, by the Piece.

PRINT DEPARTMENT, unequalled in extent and variety. Opening daily Newest Styles from all the leading Mills, at 5½, 6¼, 7 and 8 cents.

Best Brands of the popular PHILADELPHIA-Made Goods always in full Supply.

Under this head may be included Choicest Patterns of CARPETINGS fresh from the looms of the most celebrated Makers.

Headquarters for Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c.

LIBERAL CASH DISCOUNTS,
LOWEST PRICES THROUGHOUT,
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

S. M. REYNOLDS,

Cochran Square and Broad Street,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

MARCH 25, 1876.

The Middletown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY

Edward Reynolds.

TERMS—$2.00 a year, payable in advance. No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at the option of the publisher.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING:

Transient advertisements of less than one inch in space will be inserted at the rate of ten cents a line for first insertion, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.—Rates for one inch and over, as follows:

Space.	1 wk.	1 mo.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch,	$ 75	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
2 "	1 25	2 50	4 50	6 75	12 00
3 "	1 75	3 50	6 00	9 00	16 00
4 "	2 25	4 50	8 00	12 00	20 00
¼ col.	3 50	7 00	10 00	15 00	28 00
½ "	6 00	12 00	18 00	30 00	56 00
1 "	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

Business Locals and Special Notices 10 cents a line for each insertion. Obituaries charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line of eight words. Marriages and deaths inserted free.

TERMS: Cash in advance, invariably.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1876.

LOCAL AND STATE AFFAIRS.

Items of Local Interest.

Shad fishing began in the Delaware on Monday.

St. Paul's M. E. Church, Wilmington, have reduced their pastor's salary from $1,500 to $1,200.

Prof. Jas. H. Groves has been re-appointed State Superintendent, for another year, by Governor Cochran.

Wilmington boys and darkeys are happy John O'Brien's circus and menagerie is going to show there next Monday.

Bishop Lee administered the rite of confirmation to thirteen persons at the P. E. Church, New Castle, last Sunday.

Don Pedro, the Brazilian Emperor, has expressed a determination to visit Wilmington during his stay in Centenni-delphia.

The P. W. & B. R. R. Co. are talking of building a new depot at Newark—probably at the crossing of the P. & D. R.R.

At the meeting of the Mutual Loan Association of Middletown on Tuesday evening funds sold at $2.61 per share premium.

The down country small fruit growers have determined to reduce the price for picking berries from two cents to one cent per quart.

Rev. Mr. Haldeman, of Wilmington, Baptist, has been offered, it is said, $10,000, to take pastoral charge of a church in Brooklyn, but has refused.

Dr. Robert R. Porter, one of Wilmington's oldest physicians, and a man well known to the people of this county, died last Friday. He was 65 years of age.

The D. S. Cornet Band, of Middletown, has been engaged to furnish music at the dedication of the St. Georges Odd Fellows' Hall, on the 24th instant.

The congregation of Drawyers' Presbyterian Church, of Odessa, intend to have a strawberry festival for the benefit of their church when berry season comes.

Ex-Governor Ponder intends to show some hog ore taken from his farm in Sussex county at the Centennial Exhibition. The ore is said to be of very fine quality.

Superintendent Kenney has been requested, to run an extra passenger train to Rehoboth, next summer, during camp, on Saturday afternoons. He promises to think about it.

James P. Hayes, Esq., of Wilmington, resigned his position as a member of the City Council last week. Isaac C. Pyle, of the Clayton House, has been elected in his place.

A Wilmington chap took a dose of arsenic, one day last week, to ascertain its effects. He found out, and came near learning which road he was to take on the other side of Jordan.

Both Delaware and Chesapeake shad are very plentiful in our market at the present time, but the vendors keep the price up most too high. Seventy-five cents and a dollar a pair make pretty dear fish.

Hon. Joseph P. Comegys cut down a big poplar tree, last week, which stood near Cowgill's Corner, Kent county, with the intention of sending a portion of it to the Centennial. It measured eight feet across the stump.

The spring session of the court in Sussex county lasted about two days and a half. There were but two criminal cases tried. One of these was for the crime of stealing watermelons: the other was of like consequence.

J. B. Herdman, formerly of this county, but latterly a salesman in a dry goods house in New York city, was run over and killed by the cars on the railroad at Rock Falls, Iowa, last week. His remains were brought home for interment.

Ezra Pierce, a farmer who lives near Wilmington, was fined $3 for hitching his horse to a shade tree in that city last Saturday. Served him right: town people don't want their shade trees broken or mutilated by having horses hitched to them.

Whitelock's Vegetator is again offered to our farmers. It is an old fertilizer of thirty years standing, and is commended very highly by persons who have been long using it. It has been used with marked effect by Maryland farmers, and wheat fertilized with it is said to look better than any other.

Considerable fear is now expressed lest the recent frosts and cold weather may have injured the peach buds. Many of the oldest growers say that it cannot be otherwise than that much damage has been done, but the crop is not yet destroyed. Just such weather as this finished the crop three years ago.

A Curiosity.

A Newark lady recently found a newly laid hen egg, on the small end of which was plainly visible the letter C—not marked on with a pencil, but, as it were, engraved on the shell. It is supposed to be the chicken's method of indicating her patriotism and admiration for the Centennial.

Some Big Lemons.

We have had big apples, big peaches, big potatoes and big eggs, and now we have big lemons. Mr. J. F. Shallcross, commission merchant, of Philadelphia, a few days ago, sent his mother, Mrs. S. F. Shallcross, a number of Florida lemons, out of a lot consigned to his house for sale, of very large size. One of these, at Mr. S.'s request, was brought to us. It weighed 14½ ounces, and measured 11 inches one way and 13 inches the other, or longer, way. The flavor of these large lemons is very fine, and one will go as far in fixing up—lemonades, &c., as two or three ordinary ones

Upset his Dearborn.

An Odessa fish merchant brought a load of shad to Middletown on Thursday, and after selling a few pair, loaded himself pretty well with "benzine." Then feeling lively he concluded to have a lively ride and, getting into his dearborn, started his horse in a run up the street, but on attempting to turn into the yard of the Central hotel his wagon capsized, throwing down the horse and scattering fish, seat, driver, &c., all over the pavement. If the man had not been drunk, he might have gotten pretty badly hurt, as the fall was hard enough for the purpose, but who ever knew a drunken man to get hurt by a fall?

Meeting of Trustees of the Poor.

The Trustees of the Poor of this county will hold their annual meeting on Wednesday next. Officers for the ensuing year will be chosen, and the various reports of the past year will be presented. Persons who have claims against the Trustees should present them to the members for the hundred in which they live that they may be properly audited by the Board and settled by the Treasurer.

Specie Resumption.

With his usual energy and promptness in furnishing his customers with everything new and desirable S. M. Reynolds has, at considerable trouble, procured a quantity of silver coin, though, of course, somewhat limited, which he will begin to pay in change to cash customers this (Saturday) morning This is the first instance of resumption in this part of the country, and Mr. R. is entitled to credit for his enterprise. We again caution the people not to hoard it up, but keep it going. We'll soon have full as much of it as we now have of currency, and you'll make nothing by putting it away. The days for getting a premium on it are gone by.

The Conference Academy.

The Trustees held a meeting at Dover last week. To relieve the insurance money from attachment, the builders of the Academy proposed, as a basis of settlement, that the trustees should pay them $5,000 in cash, $5,800 in bonds, and the balance of the indebtedness in one and two years. These terms were accepted at the meeting.

The situation now is, the Board have $20,000 insurance money, $3,000 in the treasury, $13,000 in subscriptions, and the remains of the burned building. They are therefore amply able to restore the building, and Hon. Gove Saulsbury, John W. Cullen and C. H. B. Day, Esqs., are a committee to advertise for proposals to rebuild.

A circular address to all the churches and pastors of the Wilmington Conference was ordered, to urge the prompt remittance of funds in hand, and earnest effort to obtain new subscriptions.—*Smyrna Times.*

A Timely Discovery.

On Wednesday night last some gentlemen, in passing the harness shop of Mr. C. E. Anderson, noticed smoke issuing from behind a box standing against the front of the shop. The box was at once removed, and it was found that the smoke proceeded from some burning paper and other light materials under the box, which, of course, was speedily extinguished. These boxes of Mr. Anderson's are, in pleasant weather, a common resort, where many persons collect to chat and *smoke*, and the presumption is that some one after lighting his segar, carelessly and thoughtlessly dropped his burning match behind the box. But for its timely discovery this might have proved a very serious disaster. Mr. Anderson's shop is one of a block of wooden buildings, and being somewhat old, is, in consequence, very dry, and once fired would burn like kindling wood, and the whole block would be destroyed. It is a pity that men who smoke cannot pay a little more attention to where they throw their tapers or their segar stumps, or empty the ashes from their pipes. These people would not intentionally injure the property of others, but their carelessness frequently occasions as much loss as actual intention.

Church Wedding.

On Wednesday evening, 19th inst., a large assemblage of interested friends and invited guests were gathered in St. Anne's Church, to witness the marriage ceremony of Mr. George H. Houston and Miss Anna S. Cochran, daughter of R. W. Cochran, Esq. At eight o'clock the wedding party entered the church, while the organ peeled forth the notes of the inevitable Wedding March, and passed up the aisle to the chancel, in order as follows: First, Mr. D. Lore and Miss Fannie Howell, fourth groomsman and bridesmaid; second, Mr. Harry Miller and Miss Mary Cochran, third groomsman and bridesmaid; third, Mr. Frank Cochran and Miss Fannie Griffith, second groomsman and bridesmaid; fourth, Mr. Frank Eliason and Miss Ella Cochran, sister to the bride, first groomsman and bridesmaid; lastly, Mr. Houston and Miss Cochran, the groom and bride. The attendants having assumed their position at the right and left of the principals the latter passed by them and knelt at the altar where the beautiful and impressive marriage ceremony of the P. E Church was performed by Rev. W. C. Butler, at the close of which the party retired from the church, and, with a number of specially invited guests, repaired to the residence of the bride's parents where the wedding collation was prepared.

Maryland Affairs.

The Local Option law will be voted upon in all the counties of the Eastern Shore on the third Tuesday in May.

The Eastern *Ledger* has a copy of the *Republican Star and Eastern Shore Political Luminary*, published at Easton, August 18, 1801.

The printing bill for Cecil county last year amounted to $1,423 45, of which $942 57 went to the *Democrat* and $480 88 to the *Whig*

Robert Wright and Thomas Downs, two of the negroes charged with robbing Judge Ford's house, near Denton, a short time ago, were convicted last week.

On Saturday, the 7th inst., John E. Hitch, of Somerset county, was knocked overboard from a pungy, off Poplar Island, and drowned before assistance could be rendered.

A little daughter of Mr. Wm. J. Humphreys, residing near Salisbury, five years of age, was fatally burned on the 7th inst., by her clothes taking fire at an open fire-place.

Mr. William Gould, residing in Spaniard's Neck, Queen Anne's county, finished planting his corn a week ago. He has been for years the first man in the county to get his corn in the ground.

A severe affliction has lately befallen the family of Mr. W. T. Hurley, of Dorchester county. Three children, aged respectively one, nine and twelve years, died within twenty-four hours, of diptheria, and were all buried in one grave.

The Republicans of Easton met in county convention last Monday, and elected D. C. Avery, Charles H. Mansfield and J. Clayland Mullikin, Delegates to the Republican State Convention. It is understood that they are in favor of James G. Blaine for President.

The Baltimore *Sun* says that a Mr. Albert Bruscup, of that city, has a family relic in the shape of a gourd, which was raised in 1714 by John Emerson, in Talbot county, and has since that time been transmitted to successive generations of his family. The gourd is carved and is now highly colored with age.

THE EASTERN SHORE RIVERS.—The new river and harbor bill, now before Congress, makes the following provision for the Eastern Shore rivers: Elk river, $5,000; Chester harbor, at Kent Island Narrows, $5,000; for Wicomico river, $5,000. A survey is ordered for Choptank river between Denton and Greensborough, and the head of Tred Avon, at Easton Point.

A MAN DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED BY TWO OTHERS.—On Saturday last James H. Clough and John A. Shawn met two men from Sudlersville, named Luff and Enoch Downes, at Carville's Station, near Centerville. The parties got into a drunken fight. Clough and Luff Downes clung, and Enoch picked up a brick and hit Clough on the head. The blow, it is feared, may prove fatal. The Downes were both held to bail, Enoch in $3,000 and Luff in $1,000.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A LADY.—Mrs. Adeline E. Spry, of Crumpton, relict of the late Rev. Wm. Spry, died suddenly at the residence of Mrs. Mary A. Spry, near Chesterville, Kent county, on Sunday week. She died whilst sitting in her chair, and whilst in seeming good health. Connected with this death is a somewhat striking coincidence. On just such a Sabbath morning, about twenty-nine years ago, her husband died. At that time Rev. Charles Hill, now of Smyrna, was the colleague of Mr. Spry, and was present at his death. Upon the decease of Mrs. Spry, Mr. Hill was fulfilling his duties as Presiding Elder at that appointment, being entertained at the same house where she died, and witnessed her death also.

Positively the Best.

Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound is the very best compound ever prepared, advertised or sold by any person or under any name whatever—for the immediate relief and permanent cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all diseases of the consumptive type. It will thoroughly eradicate these alarming symptoms in one half the time required to do so by any other medicine. It is purely vegetable and contains not a particle of opium or other dangerous drug. Physicians all over the country endorse it as the most efficacious antidote known for all disorders of the throat and lungs. It never fails. Every bottle guaranteed to perform exactly as represented. Be sure to obtain Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound. Sold at C. Anderson's Drug Store, Middletown.

Remember This.

Now is the time of the year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds, and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Thcoat and Lung Disease. *Boschee's German Syrup* has been used in this neighborhood for the post two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine go to your Druggist, Dr. Chamberlain, Middletown, Del., or H. P. Baker, Odessa, Del., and ask them of its wonderful success among their customers. Two doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a sample bottle of Boschee's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it. Regular size for 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents.

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental over work, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphreys' Homœopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphreys' Homœopathic Medicine Co., 562 Broadway, N. Y. See large advertisement.

Business Locals.

GARMENTS for spring wear are now being made up by thousands and thousands at Wanamaker & Brown's, 6th and Market, Philadelphia.

Ladies in need of a nice Silk Dress, call at S. M. REYNOLDS' and look at those Guinet Black Silks at $1.50 and $1.75 per yard, just received direct from the importers.

Guns and Locks repaired at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

This is to notify the public that I am closing out LADIES' FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS at cost. G. W. W. NAUDAIN.

Paints, Oil, Glass and Putty at LINDLEY & KEMP'S NEW HARDWARE STORE.

New Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Choice Sugar Loaf Drips and Sugar House Syrups, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

20,000 lbs. Iron just Received by LINDLEY & KEMP

Rumford's Yeast Powder the best in the market, for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS'.

5,000 lbs. Nails just received, LINDLEY & KEMP.

The best Mince Meat, 2 pounds for 25 cents Cash, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Large assortment of Paint Brushes at LINDLEY & KEMP'S New Hardware Store.

Raisins, Prunes, Citron, Dried Fruits, Lemons, Oranges, new and fresh, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

The Best and Cheapest Cucumber Pumps for sale by LINDLEY & KEMP.

Sleds, Wheelbarrows, Express Wagons and Coaches, at RICE'S.

Cheap Shovel, Spades, Rakes and Forks at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Fine Larea Vases and Jewel Caskets at RICE'S.

One bar of Moore & Bro's "Wilmington City Soap" will go as far as two bars of lower grade, (one trial proves it.)

An elegant Two-Button Kid Glove for 75 cents cash, at S. M. REYNOLDS.

Granulated Sugar 12 cents; A 11 cts, and B 10 cts, CASH, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

BILL HEADS, Shipping Tags, &c., can be had at the TRANSCRIPT office, at very low rates.

No. 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel in barrels, half barrels, quarters and kitts; New Split Labrador Herring in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS.

A choice Rio Coffee, green, 25 cents, roasted 31 cents, CASH, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Clark's best Spool Cotton, 6 cents per Spool or 70 cents per dozen *Cash*, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Star Skirt Braids 7½ cents Cash, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Ladies and Gents newest style Windsor Ties and Scarfs in all shades and widths from 20 cents to $1.00, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Beef (smoked), at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

The best 12½ cent Hose in the market, for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS

1000 yards of the best Calicoes, selling off at 6¼, 7 and 8 cents, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

A good Black Tea for 50 cents. Green 90 cents, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

ENVELOPES of all sizes, and letter heads with business cards, furnished, very cheap at the TRANSCRIPT office.

Winslow's and Mountain Corn, Asparagus, Tomatoes, Cherries, Blackberries, Pears and Peaches, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Ladies call at S. M. REYNOLDS' and look at the new assortment of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, in all widths and prices from 10 cents and upwards.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber would call the attention of the public to his

LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK of

GOODS,

Consisting in part of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats, Hardware,

Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen and Stone Ware.

FISH, MEATS, &c.

And everything usually kept in a

First Class Country Store,

All of which have been selected with care, and will be

SOLD AT PRICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

No Charge for Showing Goods.

Charles Tatman Jr.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Jan 1, 1876—tf

1876.

THE BEST GOODS

For the Least Money!

—AT THE—

Fountain Head for BARGAINS!

GRAND WINTER

OPENING!

ELIASON BROS.

Middletown, Del.

Having concluded that large sales and quick returns will not only pay better than having the goods lay on the shelves, but enable us to constantly show a greater variety, we have marked all our

Goods Down

to a very low figure. We have now in stock, and are prepared to show the inhabitants of this town and vicinity a magnificent line of

Dry Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Hats, Caps,

Boots, Shoes,

Notions, etc., etc.

EVERY ARTICLE NEW.

Your patronage is solicited, and you will be dealt with right.

Money may be scarce with you, but remember that our prices will be in proportion to your purse; and if you have the money to spend and want our goods, do not fail to see us soon. We adhere strictly to "Popular Prices," and the popular verdict on our prices is that no goods of the same style and workmanship can be bought anywhere else for the same money.

WE HAVE WITH US

W. GEO. MABREY. Jan 8–tf

NOTICE.—I, WILLIAM B. HOLLIS, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Honorable Judges of the Court of General Session of the peace and jail delivery of the State of Delaware in and for the County of New Castle, upon Monday, the 8th day of May next, being the first day of the May term A. D. 1876, for a license to keep an inn or Tavern at the Townsend House, in the village of Townsend, School District 81, New Castle County, Delaware, to sell intoxicating liquors in less quantities than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following freeholders of said district recommend this application, to-wit:

J. C. Wilson,	Samuel Townsend,
Israel Gunkel,	Samuel T. Bouchell,
John D. Carter,	Samuel E. Townsend,
David Wells,	Joshua D. Townsend,
John Ginn,	Gideon E. Barlow,
J. C. Townsend,	John Townsend,
John Townsend, Jr.,	John B. Keller.

apr8–4t WILLIAM B. HOLLIS.

FOR SALE

Will be sold at private sale the large

BAND WAGON

formerly used by the Verdi Brass Band, of Odessa. The Wagon is a fine one, beautifully painted and used but a few times. For further particulars, address W. H. HICKEY,

April 1–1m* Odessa, Del.

FOR RENT.

Machine and Blacksmith Shops, in WARWICK, Md. Also, for sale, a 10-Horse Engine and Boiler, Lathe and Tools.

Apply to WILLIAM WILSON,
Or J. T. WILSON,
apr15–1m Levels, Del.

FOR SALE.

Two Building Lots on Lake street, Middletown, 40x150 feet each.

apr15–tf W. W. WILSON.

Insurance Agency.

New York Life Insurance Company,

S. M. LOVERIDGE, MANAGER, Philada.

Summary of 31st Annual Statement,

—1875.—

CASH ASSETS, January 1st, 1876,	$30,645,955 64
Annual Income, nearly	8,000,000 00
Received from Interest on Investments,	1,870,658 34
Paid for Losses by Death,	1,524,814 83

(Thus it will be seen the Interest more than pays the Losses.)

SURPLUS To be returned to the Policy-holders this year, in the form of Dividends. $2,499,656 73

7029 POLICIES ISSUED DURING THE YEAR SAFE, LIBERAL, PROMPT. PURELY MUTUAL.

Profits ALL RETURNED to Policy-holders annually. All desirable forms of Insurance effected at lowest rates

G. N. CALEB, Special Agent for Delaware.

Business Cards.

MIDDLETOWN

Nursery and Fruit Farm.

A large and varied assortment of

General Nursery Stock

For Sale at low rates.

PEACH TREES A SPECIALTY.

E. R. COCHRAN.

Oct.17–tf Middletown Del.

Green House—Plants, Flowers, &c.

Having erected a convenient and commodious Green House, and Plant Nursery at the rear of my dwelling on North Broad street, a short distance above the Academy, in Middletown, I have now and will continue to keep on hand a large and varied assortment of GREEN HOUSE & BEDDING PLANTS, which I cordially invite the ladies of Middletown and vicinity to call and examine. My stock has been selected and propagated with much care and I respectfully ask the patronage of all lovers of flowers of the community.

B. F. LIPPINCOTT,

feb 26–tf Middletown, Del.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, next door to National Hotel

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

AGENT FOR

DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES

Dec. 12—tf.

MIDDLETOWN

Iron Foundry and Machine Shop.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,

Jan 1–tf Founders and Machinists.

Business Cards.

J. MEIER & BRO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

S. E. COR, SECOND AND ARCH STS.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have in Stock a full line of

Fine Overcoatings, Suitings, Cassimeres, and Vestings

Of the newest designs for FALL and WINTER wear, which will be made to order in the latest styles and best manner. Special attention given to Dress Suits.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

oct 10–tf

M. E. DICKSON,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

DEALER IN

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

SOLID STERLING

Silver and Plated Ware

Suitable for Holiday Presents.

N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings on Hand.

Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit all ages. Dec. 10—tf

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

A MATTER OF POPULAR INTEREST.

We condense from the *Lehigh Register* the substance of a conversation about Oak Hall, in Philadelphia, "Wanamaker & Brown's" Largest Clothing House in America." A visitor and attendant are the speakers:

Visitor. "What corner is the Building on?"

Attendant. "South-East corner of *Sixth* and Market. Please note the SIXTH, for some strangers seeking Oak Hall, have been misled by designing persons."

V. "It is perfectly colossal! Do you know its dimensions?"

A. "12,000 square feet—66 on Market, and 180 odd on Sixth, six stories high, has over three acres of floor space, and covers space once occupied by more than twenty different business places."

V. "Do you use steam-power?"

A. "A giant young engine furnishes power for the freight and passenger elevators, and the boilers steam for heating, and the other operations of the house."

V. "What order do you take with goods?"

A. "They are first opened and arranged in the basement, on long low counters, and taken thence on the freight elevator to the inspector's room on the fourth floor."

V. "Is inspecting the first operation?"

A. "No, sir, measuring. The goods are first measured in the piece, then inspected. The cloth passes over rollers in the face of a strong light, and two men sit, one before and one behind the goods, watching with the eye of a hawk for the least pin-hole imperfection, and marking every flaw, so that the cutter may see and avoid it when he comes to cut the garments."

V. "You must employ an army of cutters!"

A. "Come to our fifth floor and see! We keep 70 hands all the time cutting up the cloth into garments,—besides two machines that do a dozen men's work each at a stroke."

V. "Do you manufacture all your own goods?"

A. "We do, and most carefully. Our examiners inspect every stitch and seam, and certify to every garment as extra-well made before we put our ticket on it, and become responsible for it."

V. "Your system must save you a great deal?"

A. "In every direction, sir. It is the system and economy we practice all the way through, that enables us to put our prices down to the people as we do."

V. "After inspecting the work, what becomes of it?"

A. "Before it goes into Stock it is *ticketed*. Every single garment has its number and other points noted on it, so that its entire history can be traced without fail, upon our books."

V. "You must have 20 or 40 salesmen?"

A. "Why sir, on busy days you may see 100 in the various rooms and suites of rooms, selling to the throngs of customers."

V. "Do you do an order business, by mail and express?"

A. "Very great. All over the country. Our perfect system and rules of self-measurement make it possible to please people 2,000 miles away just as perfectly as if they were here in person."

V. "I suppose you have at least half a dozen different departments?"

A. "My dear sir! we have more than *twenty*, each charged with its own business, and each thoroughly organized, a necessary wheel within the great wheel."

V. "Will you name a dozen or so of them?"

A. "With pleasure. The Custom Department, for those who prefer custom-made to ready-made. The Furnishing Department, with its extensive stock of all underwear. The Shirt Factory, with its busy machines, making our own first-class shirts. The Trimming Department, itself as big as many a regular store. The Garment Stock Room. The Receiving Room. The Order Department, named before. The Special Uniforms Department. The Delivery Department, with its score of messengers. The—"

V. "Hold, hold! sir, enough!"

A. "I'm not half through! The Advertising Department, with its bill and sign distributors, editing and publishing a business and popular journal, circulation, *Once*, 50,000 copies monthly (tell all your friends to send for it). The Men's Department, with its many rooms. The Boys' Department. The Youths' Department. The Children's Department, with its special entrance for ladies. The Telegraph Department. The Chief Clerk's Department, with its book-keepers and assistants. General Manager's Department; Financier's Office, and other offices of the firm; all busy as bees thinking, planning, executing, buying, making, registering, receiving, sending out, selling, and in a thousand ways joining their forces to carry on a business with the people amounting to between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 annually."

V. "S-t-u-p-e-n-d-o-u-s!"

A. "Indeed it is! I forgot to name the Cashier's Department, which handles its $25,000 of retail sales on some single days!"

V. "$25,000! Immense! That's what enables the house to buy cheap and sell cheap?"

A. "Exactly! You have just hit it. The people throughout here, knowing that we depend on low prices and immense sales."

V. "What are the 'FOUR RULES' I hear so much about?"

A. "Our system of business dealing—1. One price, no deviation; 2. Cash for everything; 3. A guarantee protecting the purchaser; 4. The money returned if the buyer can't otherwise be suited."

V. "Nothing could be fairer."

A. "Nothing. And the people see it."

V. "Well, I thank you, sir, for your polite attention."

A. "Not at all. It's a pleasure to serve you. Call again; and be sure of the place—Wanamaker & Brown's Oak Hall, South-East corner Sixth and Market."

V. "Thank you! I shall be happy to do so. Good morning."

HORSE POWDERS! HORSE POWDERS!

EVERY KIND, EVERY VARIETY, IN LARGE QUANTITIES, AT

ANDERSON'S DRUG STORE

JOHN'S CONDITION POWDERS, SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY POWDERS, FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS, TOBIAS' DERBY CONDITION POWDERS, ROBERTS' HORSE POWDERS, HARVELL'S POWDERS.

All patent Medicines are to be found at

ANDERSON'S DRUG STORE.

LINIMENTS. ROBERTS' EMBROCATION, H. H. LINIMENT, TOBIAS' LINIMENT, LOW'S LINIMENT.

COUGH REMEDIES. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP, BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, MORRIS' SYRUP OF TAR, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

HAIR PREPARATIONS. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, HALL'S HAIR RENEWER, MONTGOMERY'S HAIR RESTORER, LYON'S KATHARION.

In addition to the above catalogue we always have in stock

HAIR DYES, COD LIVER OILS, DYE STUFFS, LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS, SPONGES, &c., &c. Remember the place,

ANDERSON'S DRUG STORE. Middletown. BARR'S OLD STAND.

WILMINGTON POUDRETTE COMPANY'S

REFINED CONCENTRATED

POUDRETTE, POUDRETTE,

MANUFACTURED FROM NIGHT SOIL,

The Cheapest and Best Fertilizer for Corn and all Spring Crops in the Market.

PRICE, $22.50 PER TON OF 2,000 POUNDS.

IN BAGS OF 200 POUNDS EACH.

READ CAREFULLY THE ANNEXED CERTIFICATES OF FARMERS WHO HAVE USED IT:

☞ SEND FOR CIRCULAR. ADDRESS

C. H. GALLAGHER,

No. 6 West Tenth Street, Wilmington, Delaware.

J. B. CLARKSON, Agent, MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

CERTIFICATES:

The *Farmer's Friend*, a newspaper published at Mechanicsburg, Pa., in the interests of the Patrons of Husbandry, says:

"We have at different times been asked by our correspondents to name a commercial manure which contains all the elements needed by the growing crop. Such a manure is hardly needed, because even the poorest of all soils contains enough of at least one or more of the elements for a crop. The main constituents needed, and which are oftenest absent from the soil, are potash, phosphate of lime (phosphoric acid), and ammonia. If either of these be entirely absent, a crop cannot be produced, and if they are not in sufficient amounts, only a partial one will be obtained. Barn-yard manure, if properly taken care of, contains the elements of successful growth, but cannot be obtained in sufficient amount. Poudrette, if properly manipulated, contains all the elements in about the proper proportions, and should be much more widely used than at present. Its low price and convenience of application render it one of the most economical sources of some of the most important elements of plant food."

That we do not recommend the Poudrette too much ourselves, the following testimonials from some farmers, gardeners, &c., who have used the fertilizer, speak for themselves. By their permission we submit them to your perusal.

Mr. Joseph Petitdemange, of Christiana Hundred, says:

I used four tons of your Poudrette this Spring, and it gives me pleasure to state that I am much pleased with its results; it has proved a perfect success on my corn crop, and everything to which I have applied it. I consider that the increased yield of corn it has produced will pay for the corn a half dozen times, besides the benefit to the land. I cheerfully recommend it to farmers as a reliable fertilizer, and the best and cheapest in the market. I shall not plant any wheat this fall or I should use it; next Spring I shall use it on everything I plant, and shall require a large quantity. I trust that you will meet with the best success, which your fertilizer justly merits.

Mr. Wm. Rotthouse, of Brandywine Hundred, near Wilmington, Delaware, says:

August 20th, 1875.

My corn, to which I applied your Poudrette, will produce a handsome yield; the ears are large and well filled. I also used it on my onions, cabbage, and other truck, and it has produced the best results and given me satisfaction on whatever I have applied it. I cheerfully recommend it to farmers as the best and cheapest fertilizer in the market. I shall want four tons for my wheat.

Stephen Wilson, of Hockessin, says:

Hockessin, 9th mo. 12th, 1875.

Having used the fertilizer on corn this Spring, in the hill, I must say that it has given better results than any fertilizer for the money I have tried.

Thomas J. Edge, of Londongrove, Chester county, Pa., says:

6th mo. 7th, 1875.

My wheat, to which your Poudrette was applied, looks quite as well, if not better, than that immediately adjoining, which had a good coat of yard manure. From some cause the Poudrette wheat winter killed less, and the difference in its favor, as shown when the snow and ice passed off, has been maintained ever since. It is yet too soon to report its results upon Hungarian grass, but at the present time the indications are favorable to your manure. For garden vegetables, and where quick action is desirable, I find it to give the best results. I hope you may meet with the success which I believe the quality of your manure merits.

Samuel Comely, of Cooch's Bridge, member of Newark Grange, No. 5, says:

The Poudrette purchased from you and used on my wheat last fall gave great satisfaction. Where I used the Poudrette the wheat was less winter-killed, and in the spring looked quite as well, if not better, than that on which other fertilizers had been used. I consider it the best and cheapest fertilizer offered to the farmer, and for corn and other seed where quick action is required, there is nothing, in my opinion, its equal.

George Jackson, of New Castle Hundred, says:

I used one ton of your Poudrette on my corn with satisfactory results, and am sorry I did not apply it to all my field, as it would have added greatly to the yield of corn. I believe it to be a good fertilizer.

Abner Hollingsworth, of Christiana Hundred says:

In answer to your inquiry, I have to state that the Poudrette I have used on my corn has given me good satisfaction. I had a little left after planting my corn, which I used on my turnip patch as far as it went. The balance of the ground I planted without any fertilizer; the result is that where I used the Poudrette I have fine turnips, and where I did not I have nothing. I believe your fertilizer to be good, and all you claim for it.

Charles Jackson, of Christiana Hundred, says:

The Poudrette purchased from you I applied to my corn, and I am well satisfied with the result. I used Poudrette and Phillips' Phosphate on my potatoes and cabbage, the same quantities of each, and I can see no difference in the result, showing that the Poudrette is just as good as the Phosphate, and costs little more than half as much.

Mr. H. H. Jordan, of Christiana Hundred, says:

I used two tons of your Poudrette on my corn, and found it equal to the best Phosphate, and at less than half the price. I will use it on my wheat this fall. The farmer will find it to his advantage to use it freely on all crops.

Mr. J. B. Moore, of Mill Creek Hundred, says:

I used two tons of your Poudrette on my corn, and am very much pleased with the result. It gave the corn an early start and vigorous growth, and I believe greatly added to the yield. I like it as well as bone, and its results are as good, if not better. I tried it also on truck, and found the best results. I will want two tons for wheat this fall.

Ex-Sheriff R. Lewis Armstrong says:

Your Poudrette has given me the best satisfaction. It is the best fertilizer I ever used on my corn. I have plenty of manure for my wheat, or I would use it this fall. You are at liberty to use my name in recommending it to farmers.

Hon. Thomas Holcomb, *Speaker of the House of Representatives*, says:

On land of mine on which was applied about 400 lbs. per acre of your Poudrette in the fall of 1874, we harvested over thirty bushels of wheat to the acre.

Michael Mullen, near Talleyville, Brandywine Hundred, says:

The Poudrette purchased of the Wilmington Poudrette Co. gave me better results than any fertilizer I ever used, and I cheerfully recommend it to farmers for general use on crops. I used it on potatoes, cabbage, and other vegetables with the best results, and my field of corn surpasses any yield I have ever grown.

John Dunn, of Brandywine Hundred, says:

Your Poudrette is the very best fertilizer I have ever used and its results are equal to if not better than bone or the high priced phosphates. I recommend its use to farmers and am confident that its results will be satisfactory to them as they have been to me.

George W. Savage, of New Castle Hundred, says:

I used your Poudrette on corn, wheat and vegetables, and am satisfied that it has increased my yield very consiberably. The low price at which it is sold brings it within the reach of the smallest farmer and gardener, and it ought to be the fertilizer used by them on all crops of grain and vegetables. I trust that you will find large sales.

George Lewis, near Christiana, says:

I used three tons of your Poudrette, and the result has been highly satisfactory. I have the same amount of corn this year on ten acres that I had last year on eighteen acres. I also used it on my truck, and the result has been very satisfactory, giving the plants a large growth and early start.

E. C. Stotsenburg, near Christiana, says:

Having used your fertilizer on my corn, I consider it one of the best things to put on the hills to give the start of growth, and the earing has been very satisfactory. I would recommend it as a cheap and useful fertilizer.

Thom

Humorous.

Romantic death—A young lady drowned in tears.

"Is that cheese rich?" asked Mr Bloggs of his grocer. "Yes," was the reply; "there's millions in it."

"I want some of that kind of soap." said a little girl to a grocer, with which people are washed overboard at sea."

It was said of an inveterate gossip that she even "trimmed her bonnet with the feathers of a flying rumor."

What is the largest word in the English language? Smiles; because there is a mile between the first and last letters.

"No, ma'am," said a grocer to an applicant for credit, "I don't trust anybody these days. I would not even trust my feelings."

"I see the villain in your face," said a lawyer to an unmanageable witness "That is a personal reflection," retorted the witness.

When a man has carrotty hair, reddish cheeks, a turn-up nose, and a sage look, may he not properly be said to have a vegetable head?

Traveler (to the landlord): "Show me a room with a good fire in it, for I am very wet,; send me in a tankard of ale, for I'm very dry."

A gentleman received a telegram from a friend, and handed it to his wife "Dear me," she remarked, "how badly Mr. Perkins writes!"

Woman has many advantages over man, one of them is that his will has no operations till he is dead, whereashers generally takes effect in her lifetime.

Some one has remarked, somewhere, that it is a ludicrous sight to behold a physician attending his patient's funeral, it looks so like a tailor taking home his work.

A man of rank, hearing that two of his female relations had quarreled, asked: "Did they call each other ugly?" "No" "Well, well: I shall soon reconcile them."

"Why, Susie," exclaimed a father to his little pet, "you are as plump as a partridge!" "Do you mean that as flattery, or are you only making game of me?" responded Susie

A doctor, attending a punster who was very ill, apologized for being late one day by saying that he had fallen down a well. "Did he kick the bucket?" grouned the punster.

"Papa," said a small urchin, with a mischievous eye, "I say, papa, ought the master to flog a fellow for what he don't do?" "Certainly not my boy." "Well, then, he flogged me to-day when I didn't do my sum"

"What's the difference between that timid child there and a shipwrecked sailor?" asked a young lady of an old sea captain. The captain gave it up, and asked for information. "Well," was the reply, "the difference between them is that one clings to its ma, and the other to its spar."

"Our professor does wonderful things in surgery," said a young medical student; "he has actually made a new lip for a boy, taken from his cheek." "Ah, well," said his old aunt, "many's the time I have known a pair taken from mine, and no very painful operation either."

You can stop a clock at any moment, but you cannot stop a watch. The same remark, my brethern, applies to the stopping the talk of a man and of a woman. He is a great, coarse, ugly machine. She is a beautiful, fragile jeweled thing—but she will run on until she stops herself.

An Irish clergyman once broke off the thread of his discourse, and thus addressed his congregation: "My dear brethren, let me tell you that I am now just half through my sermon; but as I perceive your impatience, I will say that the remaining half is not more than a quarter as long as that you have just heard."

A sailor's wife had just received intelligence that her husband had perished at sea. She was visited by a neighbor, why sympathized with her on her loss, and expressed a fear that she would be poorly off. "'Deed will I," said the widow, "but he did all he could for me—he's saved me the expense of buryin' him."

"It's a wonderfu' place, is Australia," said a Scotchman, the other day, to a friend; "it's thirteen times as big as Europe." "How can that be, man," asked the other, "since Europe's one of the quarters of the globe?" "I'll tell ye how it is; it wasn't discovered till after the globe was quartered, and so it's made a fifth quarter."

A lady who had been teaching her little four year old the elements of arithmetic was astonished by his running in and propounding the following problem: "Mamma, if you had three butterflies, and each butterfly had a bug in his ear, how many butterflies would you have?" The mother is still at work on the problem.

An Indiana man has sued for a divorce on the ground that his wife had hit him on one spot on his head with a rolling-pin for nineteen years, and his physician tells him that he will certainly have softening of the brain unless the woman selects some other point. She declares that she is too old to change her habits, hence the suit.

A blind man had been sitting one day and pleasantly chatting with some visitors for an hour, when one of them wished the company good morning and left the room. "What white teeth that lady has," said the sarcastic blind man" "How can you possibly tell that?" said a friend. "Because," was the ready answer, "for the last half hour she has done nothing but laugh."

After a long drought there fell a torrent of rain, during which, one farmer observed to the other, "This is a Providential rain. I hope it will bring up everything out of the ground" To this the other replied, with a dubious shake of the head, "I can't say as I agree with you there, neighbor. I've buried three wives in the ground, and I should mortally hate to see 'em all come up again."

"Amelia, for thee—yes, at thy command, I'd tear this eternal firmament in a thousand fragments; I'd gather the stars one by one as they tumble from the regions of etherea! space, and put them in my trouser's pocket; I'd pluck the sun, that oriental god of day, that traverses the blue arch of heaven in such majestic splendor, I'd tear him from the sky, and quench his bright effulgence in the fountain of my eternal love for thee!"

Political Cards.

FOR SHERIFF
OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY,

BENJAMIN MORRIS,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party.

feb 26-tn*

FOR SHERIFF,

ROBERT C. JUSTIS,

Of Mill Creek Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

Feb. 12–tn

FOR SHERIFF,

JOHN PYLE,

Of Christiana Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

Feb. 12–tn

1876. *FOR SHERIFF,* 1876.

JOHN W. WHITEMAN,

Of White Clay Creek Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party.

Feb. 12–tn*

FOR SHERIFF,

HENRY M. BARLOW.

Of Brandywine Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

Jan 28—tn

FOR SHERIFF,

GEORGE C. WARD,

Of Wilmington Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party.

Jan 29—tn

FOR CORONER,

EDWARD H. FOSTER,

Of Wilmington Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

Feb 19—tn.

FOR CORONER,

LEWIS C. SPRINGER,

Of Wilmington Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party.

Jan 29—tn

FOR CORONER,

DAVID C. ROSE,

of Appoquinimink Hundred.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

Feb. 5—tn

FOR CORONER.

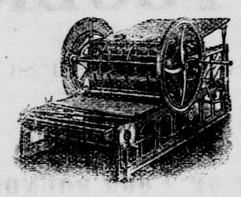
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of CORONER. subject to the decision of the Democratic Party of New Castle County.

HENRY S. TRUITT.

WILMINGTON, Del. fe5-tn

Job Printing.

PRINTING!



Transcript Office,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

BOOK, CARD AND GENERAL

JOB PRINTING.

Having just added another supply of new and handsome types to our stock, we are now better than ever before prepared to execute promptly, neatly and at moderate prices

Job Printing of Every Description

—SUCH AS—

CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
CHEQUES,
NOTES,
DRAFTS,
LABELS,
DODGERS, AND

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

GENERALLY.

—WE ALSO PRINT—

PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES,
STOCK CERTIFICATES,
CATALOGUES,
REPORTS, Etc., Etc.

And cordially invite all persons who may have need of any of these things, or any style or kind of printing, to favor us with a call and learn our prices. We give especial attention to the printing of

POSTERS,

SALE BILLS,

Etc., which for attractiveness and beauty we think cannot be surpassed, if equalled, anywhere else. Having every facility for the prosecution of the

PRINTING BUSINESS,

in all its varied details we respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the public.

OUR PRESSES

are the latest improved kind while our stock of display TYPES, CUTS, &c, cannot be surpassed by any office on the peninsula. Employing skilled workmen and giving our own personal and constant attention to our business, we feel satisfied of our ability to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with orders, and invite an examination of the style and quality of our work.

Orders by mail, or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.

E. REYNOLDS.

Miscellaneous.

THE MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	FEVERS, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	WORMS, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	CRYING-COLIC, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	DIARRHŒA, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	DYSENTERY, Griping, Billious Cholic,	25
6.	CHOLERA-MORBUS, Vomiting,	25
7.	COUGHS, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	NEURALGIA, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	HEADACHES, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10	DYSPEPSIA, Billious Stomach,	25
11.	SUPPRESSED, or Painful Periods,	25
12	WHITES, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	CROUP, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	SALT RHEUM, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	RHEUMATISM, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	FEVER AND AGUE, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	PILES, blind or bleeding.	50
18.	OPHTHALMY, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	CATARRH, acute or chronic. Influenza,	50
20.	WHOOPING-COUGH, violent coughs,	50
21.	ASTHMA, oppressed breathing,	50
22.	EAR DISCHARGES, impaired hearing,	50
23.	SCROFULA, enlarged glands, Swellings,	50
24.	GENERAL Disability, Physical Weakness.	50
25.	DROPSY and scanty Secretions,	50
26.	SEA-SICKNESS, sickness from riding,	50
27.	KIDNEY DISEASE, Gravel,	50
28.	NERVOUS DEBILITY, Seminal Weakness or involuntary discharges,	1 00
29.	SORE MOUTH, Canker,	50
30.	URINARY WEAKNESS, wetting the bed,	50
31.	PAINFUL PERIODS, with Spasms,	50
32.	DISEASE OF HEART, palpitations, etc.,	1 00
33.	EPILEPSY, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diptheria, ulcerated sore throat,	50
35	CHRONIC CONGESTIONS and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of directions, $10 00

Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

☞ These remedies are sent by the case or single box to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE CO. Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, N. Y.

☞ For sale by all druggists.

CLARENCE ANDERSON, Agent, mh25-1y Middletown, Del.

Independent in everything! Neutral in Nothing!

OPPOSED TO ALL CORRUPT RINGS

IN MUNICIPAL, STATE AND NATIONAL AFFAIRS!

The Times.

A FIRST-CLASS MORNING NEWSPAPER.

Is publiished every morning, Sundays excepted, and delivered in the City of Philadelphia and surrounding Cities, Villages and Towns, for TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the carriers. It contains all the News of the Day, including the

Associated Press Telegrams,

Special Telegrams

And Correspondence

from all points of interest, full and accurate Local Reports, and Fearless Editorial Discussions of all current topics. It is a first-class newspaper in every respect.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Are tastefully and attractively displayed.

☞ The circulation of "THE TIMES" is much larger than that of any other daily paper in this City or State, with the single exception of the Ledger, and is constantly increasing.

"WHITELOCK'S VEGETATOR."

AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE W. WHITELOCK TRADE & CO'S MARK VEGETATOR BALTIMORE 160 THE CROP PRODUCT

THE

LEADING FERTILIZER

OF THE WORLD.

UNIFORM IN QUALITY.

GOOD FOR ALL CROPS.

W. WHITELOCK & CO.,

44 SOUTH STREET.

apr15 6ms BALTIMORE, MD.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

ODESSA WAGON WORKS.

Constantly on hand a large stock of well-seasoned materials, from which those desiring Wagons can be accommodated at short notice Also, a large stock of

PLOWS,

HECKENDORN, MOORE, CONCAVE, WILEY, ETC.

Harrows, Cultivators, Rollers, &c.

Farmers' Attention is called to the celebrated

PIONEER STUMP PULLER,

which has met with universal favor, having been tried in nearly every State.

REPAIRING neatly and promptly attended to.

We are selling low for cash.

L. V. ASPRIL & SON,

ODESSA, DELAWARE.

Janury 15th, 1876—tf

LAMPS! LAMPS!

A large assortment of

STUDENT, and other LAMPS

OF GREAT VARIETY.

LAMP CHIMNEYS, WICKS, &c.,

At Chamberlaine's Drug Store,

ON MAIN SREET,

Opposite the Central Hotel,

AT LOW FIGURES.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Mar25—1m

ST. ANNE'S SCHOOL,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

The second session of 1875–76 will begin on the 18th day of February. Apply to

WILLIAM C. BUTLER, Rector

FOR SALE.

150 Cords of Oak and Maple WOOD, either in the woods or delivered in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to JOHN A. REYNOLDS, Dec12-tf. Middletown, Del.

Phosphates.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE!
THINK OF IT! THINK OF IT!
THINK OF IT! THINK OF IT!
THINK OF IT! THINK OF IT!

BAUGH'S

TRADE MARK

Raw Bone

Super Phosphate,

Made from Raw or Unburned Animal Bones.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

We are now selling our Raw Bone Super-Phosphate on the following

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Ammonia, - - - From 3 to 4 per cent.
Soluble and Precipitated Phosphate Acid, From 9 to 11 per cent.
Phosphate of Lime, rendered Soluable From 20 to 24 per cent.

At NET Cash, Wholesale Prices to FARMERS and PLANTERS, F. O. B in Philadelphia, at the following LOW PRICES:

100 tons and over.....$38 per ton, 2,000 lbs
75 tons to 99 tons..... 39 " " "
50 " to 74 " ..... 40 " " "
30 " to 49 " ..... 41 " " "
10 " to 29 " ..... 42 " " "
1 " to 10 " ..... 43 " " "

BAUGH'S

Ground Raw Bones,

☞ Guaranteed Pure.☜

At the following CASH Prices,

100 tons and over.....$34 00
50 " to 99 tons..... 35 00
30 " to 49 tons..... 36 00
10 " to 29 tons..... 37 00
1 " to 9 tons..... 38 00

This Bone is Ground Pure; is not steamed or baked, and the solid *has not been selected from it for Carbonizing Purposes.*

Farmers are requested to give their orders to the dealer early, and if they cannot get BAUGH'S STANDARD FERTILIZERS from dealers, they will be supplied by us direct.

BONE MEAL,

☞ WARRANTED PURE ☜

F. O. B. in Philadelphia, at the following LOW CASH PRICES:

100 tons and over.....$38 per ton, 2,000 lbs
75 " to 99 tons..... 39 " "
50 " to 74 tons..... 40 " "
30 " to 49 tons..... 41 " "
30 " to 29 tons..... 42 " "
1 " to 10 tons..... 43 " "

PHILADELPHIA GROUND BONES,

In Bags, on Board Cars at Works, At the following CASH Prices:

100 tons and over.....$30 per ton
50 " to 99 tons..... 31 "
30 " to 49 tons..... 32 "
10 " to 29 tons..... 33 "
1 " to 9 tons..... 34 "

If packed in barrels, [no tare off.] we will make a deduction of $2 per ton from above prices

Persons desiring to take advantage of the above low prices, should send in their orders at once.

No. 1

FINE BONE DUST,

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Ammonia, - - from 2 to 4 per ct
Phosphoric Acid, from 14 to 17 per ct
Bone Phosphate of Lime, from 33 to 37 per ct

This article is ground very fine, and is noted for its quick action, and can be bought at the following reduced prices, free on board vessels at our Philadelphia Works:

100 tons and over.....$30 per ton, 2,000 lbs
50 " to 99 tons..... 31 " "
30 " to 49 tons..... 32 " "
10 " to 29 tons..... 33 " "
1 " to 9 tons..... 34 " "

☞ N. B.—One Dollar per Ton additional on above prices if shipped from Baltimore.

BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,
20 South DELAWARE Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South DELAWARE Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South DELAWARE Ave., Philadelphia.
103 SOUTH Street, Baltimore
103 SOUTH Street, Baltimore.
103 SOUTH Street, Baltimore.
Feb. 5—3m

SOLUBLE
SOLUBLE
SOLUBLE

PACIFIC GUANO.
PACIFIC GUANO.
PACIFIC GUANO.

QUICK AND PERMANENT.
QUICK AND PERMANENT.
QUICK AND PERMANENT.
USE IT THIS SPRING.
USE IT THIS SPRING.
USE IT THIS SPRING.

$45 PER TON 2000 lbs.
$45 PER TON 2000 lbs.
$45 PER TON 2000 lbs.

STANDARD GUARANTEED
STANDARD GUARANTEED
STANDARD GUARANTEED

ASK DEALERS FOR IT.
ASK DEALERS FOR IT.
ASK DEALERS FOR IT.

SHARPLESS & CARPENTER
SHARPLESS & CARPENTER
SHARPLESS & CARPENTER

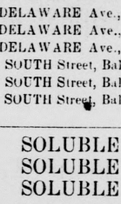
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

39 *S. Water St. and 40 S. Wharves,*
39 *S. Water St. and 40 S. Wharves,*
39 *S. Water St. and 40 S. Wharves*

PHILADELPHIA.
PHILADELPHIA.
PHILADELPHIA.

Mar 4—3m

PELICAN



GUANO

REGISTERED TRADE-MARK.

$38.00 per ton.

SOLUABLE MARINE GUANO,

Reduced to $38.00 per ton.

Circulars and analysis mailed free on application. For sale by Dealers generally and by the Importers and Manufacturers,

JOSIAH J. ALLEN'S SONS,
No 4 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
J. B. CLARKSON, AGENT, Middletown. Del.

TRADE MARK

J. E. TYGERT & CO MANUFACTURERS OF **STAR BONE PHOSPHATE** AND Pure Ground Bone,

Also dealers in Fertilizing Materials of all kind.

OFFICES: 42 South Delaware Avenue, Phila., Pa. Smyrna, Delaware.

Time Tables.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

Delaware Division Time Table.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Monday, OCT. 25th, 1875, (Sundays excepted,) Trains will leave as follows:

SOUTHWARD. Passenger.	Mixed.			NORTHWARD. Passenger.	Mixed.
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
7 00	2 45		—Baltimore—	12 35	8 15 10 00
8 60	5 15		—Philadelphia—	10 20	5 35 8 20
9 30	6 40	5 00	—Wilmington—	8 52	4 05 6 45
9 46	6 48		—Del. Junction	8 44	3 57
9 52	7 00	5 25	—New Castle—	8 32	3 46 6 21
9 54	7 05		—State Road—	8 22	3 37
10 03	7 13		—Bear—	8 19	3 34
10 06	7 16		—Rodney—	8 11	3 25
10 14	7 25	5 56	—Kirkwood—	8 08	3 22 5 20
10 24	7 35	6 10	—Mt. Pleasant—	7 57	3 11 5 34
10 43	7 55	6 30	—Middletown—	7 46	3 01 5 20
10 53	8 05	6 42	—Townsend—	7 27	2 44 4 59
10 58	8 11	6 50	—Blackbird—	7 21	2 34 4 47
11 07	8 19	7 12	—Green Spring—	7 13	2 26 4 35
11 14	8 25	7 23	—Clayton—	7 07	2 21 4 26
11 28	8 41		—Symrna—	6 45	2 00
11 19	8 31	7 30	—Brenford—	6 59	2 11 4 11
11 26	8 38	7 41	—Moorton—	6 52	2 04 3 59
11 39	8 50	7 56	—Dover—	6 42	1 52 3 41
11 46	8 58	8 06	—Wyoming—	6 32	1 42 3 25
11 54	9 06		—Woodside—	6 23	1 33 3 09
11 59	9 11		—Canterbury—	6 18	1 27 2 59
12 05	9 17	8 35	—Felton—	6 13	1 12 2 51
12 21	9 33	8 57	—Harrington—	6 00	1 08 2 29
12 29		9 08	—Farmington—		12 54 2 06
12 43		9 22	—Greenwood—		12 43 1 51
12 53		9 36	—Bridgeville—		12 33 1 36
1 13		11 01	—Seaford—		12 16 12 56
1 28		10 25	—Laurel—		12 57 12 35
1 40		10 45	—Delmar—		11 45 12 15

The mixed train will be run subject to delays incident to freight business, and will stop only at stations where time is given.

New Castle Trains—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 11 40 and 6 30 p m. Leave Wilmington 6 20 a m, and 1 25 p m for New Castle.

Smyrna Branch Trains—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 10 30 a m 4 00 and 8 00 p m. Leave Clayton for Smyrna 7 25 a m 2 25 and 4 30 p m, to make connection with trains (North and South) from Clayton.

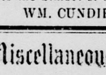
CONNECTIONS:

At Townsend, with Queen Anne's and Kent Rail Road. At Clayton, with Maryland and Delaware Rail Road. At Harrington, with Junction and Breakwater Rail Road. At Seaford, with Dorchester and Delaware Rail Road. At Delmar, with Eastern Shore Rail Road, and Wicomico and Pocomoke Rail Road.

Jun 5–tf H. F. KENNEY, Sup't.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS.



On and after Monday, March 20, 1876,

Steamer

MAJOR REYBOLD,

Capt. W. Eugene Reybold,

Will leave Salem, N. J., every day (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m. Touching each way at

DELAWARE CITY,
NEW CASTLE,
PENNSGROVE, and
CHESTER.

Returning leave Arch Street Wharf at 2 p. m.

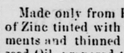
Stages for St Georges, McDonough, and Odessa, Del., Sharpstown, Woodstown, and Allowaystown, N. J., connect with Steamers.

FREIGHT AT LOW RATES.

All lost goods must be reported to the Captain within three days.

For Sassafras River.

THE STEAMER



TRUMPETER,

Will, on and after MARCH 3d, leave Georgetown, Md., at 8 a. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, stopping at all intermediate stations on the river, reaching Buck's Neck at 11 a. m., and arriving at Baltimore at 1 30 p. m. Returning leaving Baltimore at 10 30 a. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, arriving at Georgetown at 4 p. m.

The "Trumpeter" has recently been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and is now in first-class condition, furnishing excellent accommodations for passengers; and we sincerely trust that the friendly relations hitherto existing between her and the public may continue to exist, for which end we will ever be found striving to the utmost of our ability.

marl 1y WM. CUNDIFF, Master.

Miscellaneous.

HARRISONS'

TOWN AND COUNTRY

PAINTS,

IN GALLONS, HALF GALLONS, AND QUARTS.

Require No Thinning For Use.

Made only from Pure White Lead or Oxide of Zinc tinted with the purest and finest pigments and thinned with perfectly pure Linseed Oil, prepared to dry quickly with a beautiful gloss. Get sample card of

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

Opposite the R. R. Depot, Middletown, Del.,

Dealers in Lumber, Hardware, and GENERAL BUILDING MATERIAL, Agents for Middletown and vicinity.

Jul 17–ly

SOMETHING NEW.

Carriage Harness $10.00 per Set.

A. H. RUSSELL,

Having located in Middletown, for the purpose of carrying on the Saddle and Harness Making business, will keep constantly on hand and make to order all kinds of Carriage, Wagon, Cart and Plow Harness; Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Collars, Back Bands, &c.

Also, a good assortment of Horse Covers, Lap Robes, Whips, Bits, Horse Boots Trunks, Trace and Halter Chains, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as low as can be bought in the city. Call at the store room on Main street, opposite the Pennington machine shops examine and be convinced.

A. H. RUSSELL.

N. B—Repairing done promptly and at moderate prices. jan 22–3m

TOWNSEND HOUSE,

Opposite Rail Road Depot,

TOWNSEND, DELAWARE.

I am prepared to accommodate permanent and transient guests at reasonable rates.

The Bar is at all times stocked with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos and Segars.

A fine Livery is also attached to the Hotel, where teams are to be had at reasonable rates.

Come and See Me.

WM. B. HOLLIS,

April 8–tf Proprietor

FOR SALE.

A very desirable DWELLING HOUSE, with garden and stable attached, eligibly situated on Main street, Middletown, Del., containing 11 rooms, bath room and kitchen; also, a lot fronting on Main street 60 ft and 40 ft. on Cass street, with a depth of 150 ft., having a frame storehouse erected thereon; also, a lot of 2 ACRES on Lake street. Apply to

THOS. MASSEY,

Nov 27–6m* Middletown, Del

Dry Goods and Groceries.

Reciprocity Shirt!

ALL MADE,

WITH EXCEPTION OF THE BUTTON HOLES

Made of Wamsutta Muslin and 2100 Heavy Linen!

We feel confident that we are giving intrinsically

THE CHEAPEST, BEST MADE and BEST FITTING SHIRT

THAT HAS EVER BEEN OFFERED FOR $1.25.

The RECIPROCITY SHIRT is superior to most of shirts, first-class, (so-called) for the following reasons:

Our Collar Bands are Linen, and are Three Ply.

Our Cuffs are Linen, and are Three Ply.

Our Bossoms are Lined with Heavy Linen, and are Three Ply.

Our Back Facings are both upper and under; made wide, giving Strength and finish.

☞ To the people that have been accustomed to buy materials for shirts, and have them made up at home, we particularly call to their notice our RECIPROCITY SHIRT. All made but the button holes, and only $1.25 each, at

J. P. DOUGHTEN'S,

No. 410 Market Street.

COME TO

S. R. Stephens & Co's

LARGE AND

COMMODIOUS STORE,

And examine our tremendous stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS.

1st. Dress Goods of every style, shade and variety, ranging in prices from 6¼c. to $1.50.

CLOTHING.

2d. Of Ready-made Clothing—made in the latest styles—of every dimension, both for boys and men, and at Ocean-bottom prices—from $7.00 to $25.00 per suit.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

3d. Of Boots and Shoes. We can compete with any store in this line of Goods. We sell the very best, suitable for all kinds of work, and at figures from 50 cents to $5.

CARPETS.

4th. Of Carpets—In this line we excel any other store in this town or neighboring towns. Our stock is very large of all kinds—Brussels, Ingrain, Hemp, Cottage, Rag and Stair. Our prices are far below all others—from 25 cents to $1.50. If you want a bargain, come and see.

LADIES' COATINGS

5th Of Ladies' Coatings—Blue, Black and Gold Mixed Water-Proof Beaver Cloths &c., from $1.00 to $1.75.

GUNS AND PISTOLS

6th. Of Fire Arms—In this direction we lead the trade. Guns from $5.50 to $20: pistols from $1 to $11 Powder, Baltimore shot of all numbers; Caps, Cartridges, Gun Tubes, Ram Rods, and in fact a full assortment of everything in this line.

COVERLIDS. &c.

7th. Of Coverlids and Comfortables and Blankets—from $1.75 to $5.

LAP ROBES.

8th. Of Lap Robes—Beautiful as well as durable, and very low prices asked for them.—Also, Horse Blankets.

GLOVES.

9th Of Driving and Working Gloves—We have a full stock and at such prices that everybody can purchase and save their hands from exposure to cold.

Respectfully,

S. R. STEPHENS & CO.

M. L. HARDCASTLE is with us.

Middletown, Del., Jan. 1, 1876.

OLD BANK No. 2,

Middletown Hall Building.

At the Store formerly Occupied by Hanson & Bro.,

ONE DOOR EAST OF POST OFFICE.

The ice cream season being over we have refitted the place and are now ready to serve our customers, both ladies and gentlemen with

OYSTERS

IN EVERY STYLE.

Families will be supplied at all times. Oysters furnished for parties upon short notice; in fact, our Oyster Department is complete

We shall, as usual, keep on hand all kinds of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS

DRIED FRUITS OF ALL KINDS,

Such as Raisins, Currants, Citron, Prunes, Lemon and Orange Peel.

LARGE QUANTITIES OF

CONFECTIONERY

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Parties supplied with CAKE of every description. The

TOY DEPARTMENT

will be under the direction of Mrs. Rice, who will keep everything in that line that is usually kept in a toy and fancy store. That branch of the business belonging entirely to her she solicits your support and patronage.

Don't purchase your Christmas goods until you have first called and seen our pretty things. Our Christmas stock will be open for inspection on or about the 10th of December.

E. B. RICE & CO., Agents

N. B.—Cash paid for Poultry all the time.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS

THEY CAN BUY

BOOTS, SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

AT FACTORY PRICES,

—AT—

R. M. & W. T. JOHNSON'S

Boot and Shoe Stores

—IN—

Middletown and Smyrna.

We must close this stock to make room for goods exclusively of our own manufacture. This class of goods will never be offered so low again.

Come and be Convinced.

FOUTZ'

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

For Sale in Middletown

—AT—

Clarence Anderson's Drug Store.

Nov27–tf

Grain, Lumber, Feed, &c.

ISAAC JONES, Jr.,

GRAIN DEALER,

Middletown, Delaware.

AGENT FOR

Wm. Lea & Sons,

BRANDYWINE MILLS.

Highest Market Price

PAID FOR GRAIN

On Chesapeake and Delaware Waters

OR ON DELAWARE R. R.

And its Connections.

Jan 1, 1876–tf.

J. B. FOARD. WM. A. COMEGYS.

FOARD & COMEGYS,

Grain Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Lime, Fertilizers,

COAL,

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, &c.,

ALSO,

Agricultural Implements.

Sole agents for

HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED GRAIN AND PHOSPHATE DRILL.

Also, Sole Agents for the

SOLUBLE PACIFIC Guano,

Whann's Raw-Bone Super-Phosphate and

SUN GUANO,

RUSSELL COE'S PHOSPHATE,

J. M. Rhodes' Genuine Phosphate,

Which we can sell on terms to suit the tightness of the times.

All kinds of COAL constantly on hand, and for sale at the very lowest cash rates.

STANTON MILLS

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR.

sept 12–ly.

ISAAC JONES, Jr.,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

GRAIN

Commission Merchant

COAL, LIME, FLOUR,

FEED, SEEDS,

FERTILIZERS,

Agricultural Implements, &c.

Best Lehigh and Schuylkill anthracite and Cumberland bituminous Coals on hand at all times.

Jan 1, 1876–tf.

J. B. CLARKSON,

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Middletown, Del.

AGENT FOR

S. P. TRUSS,

NEW CASTLE,

And Wholesale and Retail dealer in

Lime, Fertilizers,

COAL, FLOUR, FEED,

Agricultural Immplements.

SEEDS, ETC., ETC.

SOLE AGENT FOR

PELICAN GUANO,

Yearsley's Raw Bone Phosphate,

AND

Wilmington City Poudrette.

Highest market price paid for grain on Delaware and Chesapeake waters, and on the Delaware R. R. and connections.

April 10—1y.

Register's Orders.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, March 18, 1876.

Upon the application of COLIN FERGUSON, Administrator of DANIEL OBREL, late of Appoquinimink Hundred in said county, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided; and also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

{L. S.}

S. C. BIGGS, *Register.*

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased must present the same, duly attested, to the Administrator on or before March 18th, 1877, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

COLIN FERGUSON, *Administor.*

Address—Blackbird, Del.

April 8—2m

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, March 3rd. 1875

Upon the application of JAMES B CLARKSON, Administrator of FRANK W. LYNCH, late of St. Georges Hundred, in said County, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate to present the same or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided; and also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

{L S}

S. C BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same, duly attested, to the Administrator on or before March 3rd, 1877, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

J. B. CLARKSON, Administrator.

Address—Middletown, Del.

Mar 11—2m

Professional.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS,

Notary Public,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

DR. THOS. H. GILPIN,

DENTIST,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

Feb 14–1y.

Persons from a distance should make engagements previous to the day they come. A disappointment should make engagement at a distance, to avoid

Superior Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder kept constantly on hand.

REYNOLDS & CO.,

No. 832 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

Conveyancers, Surveyors, Real Estate Agents, Collectors of Accounts, Bills, &c.

Houses and Lands rented, and rents collected; Loans negotiated; Titles examined; Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, and other Legal papers carefully drawn, and supervised by counsel permanently retained. Correspondence solicited.

Reference furnished.

REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 832 MARKET STREET,
Jan 11—1y Wilmington, Del.

MAMBRINO & ABDALLAH STALLION.

SLASHER.